THE WEATHER.

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THE MORNING STAR

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CRAIG WOULD ACCEPT BUT SHIPPERS REJECT

Great Mass Meeting Discusses Latest Proposal of Inter-State Carriers.

DEMAND FREIGHT COMMISSION

Corporation Commission Roasted by Dr. Alexander—Former Governor Glenn Preaches Moderation—Water Points.

(Special Star Telegram.)

Raleigh, N. C., Sept. 24.—"I have examined the proposition as best I could and it is my opinion that it is such a proposition as the people of North Carolina can afford to accept," declared Governor Craig this afternoon in addressing the meeting of the State Just Freight Rate Association and the members of the General Assembly in the Auditorium.

He said that he realized that the proposal as amended by the railroad companies still does not give the shippers of the State all they are entitled to, but that it is a beginning in the right direction well worth while. He would accept it for two years specified and press along every other possible avenue for such additional relief as is obtainable.

There were possibly 1,800 people in the Auditorium when President Tate of the Just Freight Rate Association called the mass meeting to order and the Governor's address was cordially received in spite of the sense of the Freight Rate Association members that the proposal should not be accepted.

Rate Association Rejects.

Indeed, later in the meeting resolutions were adopted declaring it the sense of the association that the proposal be rejected and the creation of a special Railroad or Freight Rate Commission be created to take these duties from the present Corporation Commission. President Tate called the meeting to order at 2:30. He briefly outlined what the association had done, spoke of what it hopes to do, and then presented Governor Craig. The Governor was followed by Representative Justice.

Governor Craig said in part:

"In the consideration of the question before us, I have had but one purpose, the welfare of the whole State. My efforts have been limited by my ability. I come before you now, the sovereign people of this State, interested in a great cause, to speak to you frankly and fully of the conclusion I have reached in an investigation of this matter. I covet your commendation, I covet your approval, but regardless of these I must speak the convictions that I have or I would not be true to the people of this State."

State Has Paid Millions.

"For more than 25 years the State has been discriminated in favor of Virginia. The railroads are responsible for the evils, but the people of North Carolina are also for not enforcing their rights. North Carolina has paid tribute of millions of dollars, but this has not been the greatest evil. This evil is that industries have been forced to go elsewhere to secure good treatment. The time will come when these unjust discriminations will end. Some people heretofore have cried out against it, but they were not heard. In the last General Assembly a contest was begun in earnest, and has been kept up in earnest. It is but just to say that the Legislative Freight Rate Commission has taken hold intelligently."

Reviews Negotiations.

He said Representative Justice, of Guilford stood up on the watch tower, and has done more than any man in the State, and he commended the Just Freight Rate Association under the leadership of President F. N. Tate. The negotiations carried on by the Corporation Commission, most ably by the chairman, have been characterized by devotion and patriotism single to the interests of the people of North Carolina.

Governor Craig reviewed the negotiations. He showed careful study of the question as he enumerated the things offered by the carriers, and discussed the concessions in general, enumerating the various reductions. He explained the shortcomings of the first proposition, which failed to give relief to border points.

The proposition that the State should bind itself not to retaliate with legislation was impossible. He said you cannot obtain justice under the present rate system. You cannot obtain it under the laws that are upon the statute books of this nation. He reviewed the amendment to the long and short haul clause, allowing the Inter-State Commerce Commission to say when this principle should be applied. The Governor said he believed the concessions were greater than the State could get from the Inter-State Commerce Commission after years of litigation.

Concessions Amount to $2,000,000.

"The concessions amount to two million dollars, it is estimated, but the greatest gain is in enabling the cities and towns in this State to meet competition. The question of acceptance is with the General Assembly. "I want peace but I prefer war to an ignominious peace, but this is something that we can honestly accept. If I did not think so, I would not recommend it."

Governor said he "was in favor of exerting all the powers of the State, call that retaliatory legislation if you will, to make these carriers give us fair rates. If these matters were not beyond State jurisdiction, there would be no negotiations, because a statute would deal with the problems.

"I want everybody to understand that this proposition is submitted to me without any strings tied to it. I know that it is easy to say that the State ought to have more, and I say

(Continued on Page Eight.)

GOVERNOR LOCKE CRAIG.

SIMMONS FOR PRESIDENT

Event Wilson Doesn't Run Again Senior Senator Will be Urged—Most Prominent Man in Congress.

(Special Star Correspondence.)

Washington, D. C., Sept. 24—Should President Woodrow Wilson decline a re-nomination for the Presidency, Senator Furnifold McLendon Simmons, of North Carolina will be urged to get in the race for the Democratic nomination in 1916.

This statement was made today by one of the most innuential men in President Wilson's adminstration. This man says that men from all sections of the country now look upon Mr. Simmons as the biggest and most influential man connected with the Democratic adminstration and they believe he would prove a winner.

Wilson Might Run Again.

It is not at all certain, however, that Mr. Wilson will construe the plank in the Democratic platform in such a way as to prevent him from again being a candidate. Some of his close friends say that the President has never mentioned that part of the platform which pledges the Baltimore nominee to one term and that he believes the paragraph was inserted for the protection and gratification of William J. Bryan, who is almost sure to be a candidate to succeed Wilson.

The talk of running Mr. Simmons for the Presidency is heard in many quarters. But for the most part it comes from men high up in the business and financial world. They have watched Mr. Simmons as a tariff reformer and have come to the conclusion that he is a sane, safe and honest and is second only to Mr. Wilson himself in the Democratic ranks.

Simmons Close to Wilson.

Whether Senator Simmons will be brought forward as a candidate for the Presidency or not, it is probably true that no man in Washington is closer to Mr. Wilson than Mr. Simmons. Mr. Wilson feels that the senior North Carolina Senator as chairman of the Finance Committee did more to redeem the Democratic campaign pledges to revise the tariff than any one else. Indeed, it is said that no other Senator on the Democratic side could have handled the tariff bill in such a masterful way as did Mr. Simmons. Therefore, according to the rumor, should the President decide not to be a candidate in 1916, Mr. Simmons in all probability would be Mr. Wilson's candidate for the nomination. In other words, Wilson would put his O. K. on Simmons just as Roosevelt did when Taft was nominated. But there is a vast and distinct difference between Simmons and Taft. Simmons thinks for himself and would be President; Taft allowed others to do his thinking.

P. D. Gold Selected.

North Carolinans will be interested to know that P. D. Gold, Jr., formerly of Greensboro, now a resident of New York, has been made secretary of the Edward E. McCall Association, which has just been organized in New York for the purpose of furthering the candidacy of Judge McCall as mayor of the metropolis. The officers and members of the association include some of the most influential business men of New York and the selection of Mr. Gold is quite an honor to the North Carolina man.

P. R. A.

Final Vote on Tariff.

After a two hours' conference with President Wilson today Senator Simmons said that he is confident that the conferees on the tariff bill will finish their work tomorrow, and that the final vote on the measure will be had not later than Tuesday. Under a House rule, the bill will have to lay over one day after it reaches the lower branch of Congress, otherwise it is believed a vote could be had by Saturday.

Senator Simmons and Representative Underwood were luncheon guests at the White House. All phases of the tariff bill, it is understood, were discussed.

Representative Godwin has requested that a road engineer be sent to Harnett county to aid in surveying for county roads.

Mrs. W. H. Osborne has returned to Washington.

P. R. A.

MASSACHUSETTS PRIMARIES.

Scattering Returns from Boston and Other Cities and Towns.

Boston, Sept. 23.—Returns in the State primaries today from 80 out of 350 cities and towns, including Boston, give: Republican candidates for Governor, Benton, 7,310; Gardner, 9,031. Democratic candidate for Lieutenant Governor, Barry 18,717; Long, 14,789.

THAW EXTRADITION FURTHER DELAYED

Governor Felker May Not Reach Decision Until Late Next Week.

COUNSEL ASKS MORE TIME

Fugitive Enjoys an Outing in Company With His Mother—Preparation of Briefs for Monday's Hearing.

Concord, N. H., Sept. 24.—Governor Felker may not be able to give his answer to New York State's request for the extradition of Harry K. Thaw until late next week. Counsel for Thaw tonight said it may be found necessary to ask for a further extension of time in which to file briefs supplemental to the arguments yesterday introduced at the hearing before the Governor. Monday next was the date originally set for filing these briefs.

Messrs. Shurtleff, Martin and Donigan, of counsel for Thaw, busied themselves all day and again this evening in preparation of the brief. When prepared, it will be inspected by former Governor William Stone, of Pennsylvania, who is to return here for that purpose.

While his lawyers were thus occupied, Thaw himself enjoyed an outing, accompanied by his mother, Mrs. Mary C. Thaw. They motored to Salisbury, 20 miles north of Concored, and visited the birthplace of Daniel Webster. Thaw was under the care of Sheriff Drew during the trip.

Will of Gaynor Placed on File

New York, Sept. 24.—The will of William J. Gaynor, late Mayor of New York, as filed today, leaves the widow his Brooklyn residence and 500 shares of Royal Baking Powder Company stock. The remainder with the exception of minor bequests of the estate is divided, two-sevenths to each of two sons, and one-seventh to each of three unmarried daughters. The value of the estate is estimated at $2,000,000.

The two married daughters, Mrs. Harry Vinegut, and Mrs. William Seward, Webb, Jr., receive $1,000.

The share of Rufus Gaynor, the son who was with the late Mayor when he died aboard the steamer Baltic, is placed in the hands of the trustees, who are instructed to pay him the income until he is 30 years old and then to surrender the principal, if they judge him capable of handling it wisely.

The will directs the trustees to end their trust for Rufus "provided they are satisfied from his past life and business capacity and habits that he will not let it slip through his fingers, and I want him judged fairly in this respect."

Rufus is now 24 years old.

Norman Gaynor is just 21.

When the will was made May 1st, 1909, his father directed that his share of the property be held in trust until he became of age.

The only other beneficiary mentioned in the will is the late Mayor's maiden sister, Mary Gaynor, of Utica. Miss Gaynor receives a house her brother owned in Utica and the income of 115 shares of Baking Powder stock to be held for her in trust during her lifetime.

The legacies to the three unmarried daughters, Helen, Marion and Ruth, also are placed in the hands of a trustee to be held until they are 25 years old.

No explanation is given o fthe apparent discrimination against the two married daughters, both of whom eloped and married without their father's knowledge or consent. The will provides that any heir who contests the division of the estate shall automatically forfeit his legacy.

Mayor Gaynor prepared the instrument in his own handwriting. It covers ten pages of foolscap.

The 500 shares of preferred stock left to the widow are worth about $51,000.

NANCE IS INSANE.

So Pronounced by Lunacy Commission at Rockingham Yesterday.

Rockingham, N. C., Sept. 24.—Geo. S. Nance, who slew his wife in a local hotel in Hamlet on the afternoon of August 15th and afterwards tried to burn the body and the hotel building, was examined today by a lunacy commission appointed by the Superior Court in session at Rockingham and pronounced insane. He will be carried to the State prison at Raleigh, and placed in the criminal insane department where he will spend the remainder of his natural life except in the event he should regain his sanity when he will be placed on trial for the murder of his wife.

Among those who composed the board of alienists making the examination were Superintendent McCampbell, of the State hospital for the insane at Morganton, and Dr. Albert A. Anderson, superintendent of the Central Hospital for the Insane at Raleigh.

New York, Sept. 24.—Charley Miller, San Francisco heavyweight, tonight outfought Al Palser, of Iowa, in a ten-round bout here. Both men weighed 222 pounds and appeared in good condition. Miller had the better of four rounds. Palzer three and three were even.

DISAGREE ON TAX ON COTTON FUTURES

Senate and House Can't Get Together on Proposed Measure

COMPROMISE PLAN SUGGESTED

Conference With President Wilson, More Particularly With Reference to Foreign Policy—Tentative Agreement.

Washington, Sept. 24.—The tariff bill conferees today came to a final disagreement over the proposed tax on trades in cotton futures. It was found impossible to agree either on the Clarke amendment, adopted by the Senate, or the compromise known as the Smith-Lever-Burleson plan.

After a conference at the White House, participated in by President Wilson, Senator Simmons and Representative Underwood, and a long debate in the conference committee, it was decided to report a disagreement to both Houses of Congress.

The conference report on the rest of the tariff bill will be completely harmonious when the measure gets back to the Senate and House. It will be accompanied by a report that no agreement could be reached on the so-called Clarke amendment, imposing a tax of 50 cents per bale on cotton sold for future delivery, but not delivered.

It was predicted tonight that a strong movement in behalf of the compromise plan would be started as soon as the report is made.

The compromise would compel all contracts for future delivery to specific government grades, and would compel deliveries of cotton to be at that grade or close to it, the difference to be settled at the prevailing commercial prices.

This plan, modeled on the bill of Senator Smith, of South Carolina, and perfected by Postmaster General Burleson, Representative Lever, Senator Hoke Smith and others, has the strong support of several of the House conferees.

"The Senate conferees could not consider any modification of the Clarke amendment," said Senator Simmons tonight. "The Senate not only had adopted it, but had re-affirmed its support of the provision when it was referred back to caucus."

As a result of the conference with President Wilson the committee today also settled finally the foreign policies involved in the tariff bill. The most important developments were:

Agreement on the 5 per cent tariff rebate on goods brought in American-owned ships with a provision that it should not affect countries with which the United States has treaties prohibiting such discrimination.

Defeat of the retaliatory tariff provisions of the Senate that would authorize the President to assess extra tariff duties on certain articles from countries discriminating against the United States.

Defeat of the anti-child labor provision that would have excluded foreign goods made by child labor.

The House provision excluding convict-made goods was retained.

It is understood these decisions met with the approval of the President.

A hearing by the conferees tonight was given to Representative Palmer on the "anti-dumping" provision of the House bill which would impose an extra duty on goods "dumped" on the American market at cut prices.

The Senate provision for a joint Congressional committee to devise the methods of administering the tariff was stricken out.

The conferees adopted the Senate amendment covering the smelting of ores in bonded warehouses and accepted the provision admitting Philippine cigars free only when they do not contain more than 20 per cent of tobacco raised outside the Philippines.

The premiums returned to policy holders by mutual life and mutual marine insurance companies will be exempt from the income tax, under an

(Continued on Page Eight.)

OUTLINES

The extraordinary session of the North Carolina Legislature to handle the freight rate problem and question of constitutional amendments, met yesterday and after organization, adjourned till today. Addressing a mass meeting of shippers Gov. Craig advocated accepting the proposal of the railroads without regard to the ports and the State's water facilities; the Just Freight Rate Association, however, adopted resolutions to reject the proposal.

Man failure all along the line from officials down to trainmen was assigned to the Inter-State Commerce Commission as the cause of the September wreck on the New Haven in a scathing report made yesterday.

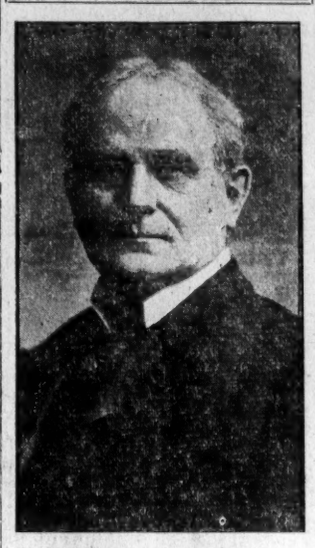
Senate and House conferees yesterday disagreed on the tax on cotton futures feature of the tariff bill and will so report; after a conference with President Wilson, Congressional leaders have agreed upon the foreign policies features.

Speaker Champ Clark yesterday relinquished the gavel in the House and told the Republicans a few things in defense of the Democratic caucus.

Alienists yesterday began an examination of Hans Schmidt, the renegade priest, charged with the murder of Anna Aumuller in New York.

New York markets: Money on call firm 2 1-2 to 3 per cent., ruling rate 3, closing, 2 1-2 to 2 3-4, time loans, firm; flour nominally steady; wheat easy No. 2 red 95, No. 1 Northern 94 1-4; corn easy, export 82 1-2; oats easy; spot cotton quiet, middling uplands 13.60; rosin quiet; turpentine steady.

Defended the Caucus.



SPEAKER CHAMP CLARK.

SPEAKER CLARK TAKES FLOOR

Quit Gavel in House to Tell Republican Howlers a Few Things in Congress — Progressive Leader Replies.

Washington, Sept. 24.—Speaker Clark today quit his gavel to take the floor in defense of the Democratic caucus against the Republican attack.

"This continual howl about the caucus is the most idiotic thing that has ascended to heaven in the last generation," shouted the Speaker.

"The country wants to know what Congress does, it does not care three whoops how it did it. We have revised the tariff and put through a bill changing the banking and currency system. If these measures are not good, we will be the ones to suffer. If they are good, we will gain; but we did not propose to let you Republicans bring up other subjects on the floor while they were under consideration, and detract the attention of members and of the country from the great issues involved."

Speaker Clark said he would not answer Republican attacks by calling attention to the way former Speakers Reed and Cannon put through important legislation.

"That would be a case of the pot calling the kettle black," said he. "A lot of you fellows have been talking too much for your own good, anyhow," concluded the Speaker to the accompaniment of prolonged outburst of applause from the Democrats.

Progressive Leader Murdock took issue with Speaker Clark over his statement that the country did not care how Congress did things so long as they were done. Mr. Murdock said the caucus resulted in lack of decorum, brought about a small attendance and ended in gag rule. He said there was no reason the doors of every committee room should not be open.

Assembly Meets In Extra Session

Raleigh, North Carolina, Sept. 24.—The North Carolina General Assembly convened in special session at 11 o'clock today and perfected organization of Senate and House and will tomorrow receive from Governor Craig his message treating the matters for which the lawmakers are especially called together, consideration of freight rate regulation, including acceptance or rejection of the latest proposal of the railroads for settlement of differences as to inter-State rates and consideration of proposals for amending the State Constitution prepared by a special legislative commission.

Lieutenant Governor Daughtridge convened the Senate and organization was perfected by the election of J. H. Burnett, of Pender, reading clerk to succeed the late R. M. Phillips, and R. H. Davis, of Carteret, was made engrossing clerk to succeed W. H. Sawyer, resigned. Mr. Davis' opponent was J. S. Williams, of Watauga county and the vote was 28 to 10.

Senator Daniels, of Halifax, suggested that members be allowed until Wednesday, October 1st, to introduce local bills and the matter went to the rules committee for report tomorrow.

MORALLY STUNTED SCORE.

Non-Beer Drinkers in Germany Sentenced to Dungeon.

Greenswald, Germany, Sept. 24.—The expulsion on account of their total abstinence principles of several students from Greenswald University has caused a sensation here. The students, numbering about 1,000 were called together in June to attend a "beer evening" in celebration of the jubilee of Emperor William's reign. Several abstainers protested and were thereupon reprimanded by the officials. One of the abstainers criticised the reprimand and was sentenced by the authorities to three days' confinement in the University dungeon. Further protests by other students led to expulsions.

Indiana, Pa., Sept. 24.—Four prominent officials of the Buffalo, Rochester & Pittsburg Railroad were seriously injured near here today when a passenger train sideswiped a freight train in the Creekside yards. Five other persons were hurt, but not seriously.

FAILURE OF MEN ALL ALONG LINE

Scathing Report on New Haven Wreck by I. C. Commission

OFFICIALS DOWN TO TRAINMEN

Antiquated Equipment and Inefficiency of Management Contributed to Fearful Slaughter at Wallingford.

Washington, Sept. 24.—"Man failure" all along the line, from officials and directors of the New Haven railroad down to its trainmen, is held by the Inter-State Commerce Commission to have been the cause of the Wallingford wreck, September 2nd, in which 21 were killed and 35 injured. In its report, made public today, the commission blames the crews of the wrecked trains for lapses, and scores officers and directors for "inefficiency of management."

Operating officials of the New Haven, and the officers and directors of the system are grilled scathingly for promulgation of regulations practically permitted to become "dead letters" and for not personally supervising operating conditions.

"Man failure in this case," said Commissioner McChord, who prepared the report, "began high up in official authority. It was natural that it reached down to those in lower positions, but still weighted with great responsibility."

In use at the time of this disaster, the report points out, were "antiquated signals condemned by the locomotive engineman as well as by the public service commission of Connecticut," and old, wooden cars unsuited for such traffic as they were expected to accommodate. These were held to be contributory reasons for the excessive number of casualties. Commissioner McChord indicates the results of a similar recent accident at Tyrone, Pa., in which the equipment was all steel and in which none of the passengers was killed, as an object lesson in favor of the use of modern equipment.

The commission demands of the New Haven road the immediate adoption of an adequate system of superintendence and supervision which will give those in authority positive "information as to whether or not the safety requirements and rules of this railroad are observed."

After a comprehensive review of the testimony taken at the investigation, Commissioner McChord says in part:

"The direct cause of this accident was the failure of Flagman Murray properly to protect his train, the failure of Engineman Miller properly to control the speed of his train, in order that he could bring it to a stop before passing automatic signal No. 23, and the failure of Conductor Adams to make certain that his train was properly protected. An additional cause was the failure of Engineman Wands to bring his train to a stop as required by the rules, before passing automatic signal No. 23, which was in the stop position.

"While this accident was directly due to failure of employes properly to perform their duties the signal system in use was entirely inadequate safely to direct and govern the movement of the large volume of traffic over this line, and there was a deplorable lack of supervision on the part of operating officers, on this account, the conditions which led up to this accident were possible."

After giving a list of executive officers and directors of the New Haven including many of the foremost men of the financial world, Commissioner McChord continues:

"On this directorate were and are men whom the confident public regarded as magicians in the art of finance and wizards in the construction, operation and consolidation of the great systems of railroads. The public therefore rested secure that with the knowledge of the railroad art possessed by such men investments and travel should be safe. Experience has shown that this reliance of the public was not justified as to either finance or safety."

The report points out that at meetings of directors of the New Haven after disasters at Bridgeport and Westport, a resolution was adopted directing President Mellen, then at the head of the system, to leave nothing undone "which in the judgment of himself and his associates will conduce to greater safety in the operation of the railroad and that there shall be no limitation placed upon the installation of signals, safety appliances, or anything else which will improve the safety of passenger travel upon this company's lines."

There the directors stopped, the report says.

"This typifies the whole situation," declares Commissioner McChord. "They assumed the vote was self-enforcing.

"But no intelligent system was devised by which to ascertain when rules were disobeyed.

"Rules were disobeyed largely, and only a small proportion of these violations was made the subject matter of reports to officials.

"Dereliction of duty by those who are charged with the making and enforcement of safety regulations cannot fail to weaken respect for all rules. Rules not intended to be enforced have no proper place in a railroad company's code of regulations.

"When the operating officers of a railroad permit such rules to be violated with impunity they cannot reasonably expect to escape responsibility for the consequences of such violations."

The report contains no recommendations and no orders, as the Inter-State Commerce Commission is without authority to control or supervise the operation of trains. It is suggested, however, that the forthcoming annual report of the commission will recommend to Congress the enactment of laws, conferring specific authority upon the commission to regulate train operations.

NO STRINGS TIED TO SULZER FUNDS

Jacob Schiff Says No Restrictions Were Placed on His Contribution.

MORGANTHAU SAYS SAME

Scathing Arraignment of Impeached Executive by Counsel for Assembly Managers—Judge Cullen's Ruling.

Albany, N. Y., Sept. 24.—Governor Sulzer was free to use the $2,500 check given him by Jacob H. Schiff, a New York banker, in any way he chose. The banker so declared today on the witness stand at the impeachment trial of the Governor. The designation of the check across its back as a contribution to the Governor's campaign fund did not restrict its use to that purpose," Mr. Schiff said.

Henry Morgenthau, ambassador to Turkey, formerly chairman of the Finance Committee on the National Democratic committee, testified that when he gave the Governor $1,000—a personal contribution—he had placed no limitations on its use. He said, however, that he had made the gift to help the Governor in his campaign, and had been "foolishly generous."

These are two of the alleged campaign contributions which the articles of impeachment against the Governor charge that he misused.

"It possibly will not make any difference in this case, but if I were sitting in a criminal prosecution," said Judge Edgar M. Cullen, president of the court, "I should have to charge the petit jury that if the owner consented to the use in any manner of the money or check given by the party to whom it was delivered, such use would not constitute larceny."

This testimony, and the ruling of the presiding judge thereon, marked the opening of the actual trial of the impeached executive, which until noon today had been delayed by arguments and objections of counsel for the defense. At that hour all obstacles to the taking of testimony had been swept aside by vote of the court, thereby permitting Eugene Lamb Richards, of counsel for the managers of the impeachment, to outline the evidence against the Governor. This opened the case.

"Governor Sulzer was busier getting money than getting votes in his campaign for election," declared Mr. Richards.

After outlining the provisions of the election law relating to the reporting of campaign contributions, the attorney continued:

"With these provisions in force what did Mr. Sulzer do? He was nominated October 2nd, 1912, and almost immediately he began to solicit and obtain large sums of money for campaign purposes. He went at his campaign for money with system, cool deliberation and cunning schemes to conceal what he got.

"Five days after he was nominated he made a public announcement that he would have no campaign collectors or financial managers, and yet at that moment his private secretary was already running a secret campaign, and he himself had collectors working for him, scouring the city and State for checks and cash.

"He preferred first currency, which has no earmarks, next checks to bearer or cash, next checks to the order of some one other than himself, and if this were impossible, he was willing to take checks to his own order.

"We shall show this court instances of his reqeests that checks should be made to the order of some one other than himself; that he preferred cash to checks and that when some of his collectors came in with checks he asked them in the future to cash the checks and bring the cash.

"He did more than collect and hold the checks. He intended to keep them. He had no thought of returning the surplus to the contributors for it will clearly appear that he did and intended to use their contributions to buy stocks and to supply margin for stock speculations.

"We shall show that the respondent continued to speculate in stocks after he became Governor and that he caused to be introduced in the Legislature and advocated the adoption of legislation vitally affecting the rise and fall of securities on said exchange, and we shall leave it to this court to say whether his act as Governor in fathering such legislation was not influenced by his personal interest in the fluctuations of securities affected by that very legislation."

The motion of defense to quash the three articles of the impeachment dealing with the Governor's alleged misuse of his campaign contributions—was disposed of today in this manner:

Presiding Judge Cullen overruled the motion, without prejudice to its merits, and recommended that decision be reserved until the testimony was all in. This recommendation was adopted by the court by a vote of 49 to 7. The negative votes were all cast by Democratic senators.

Schiff took the stand after counsel for the prosecution with Isidor J. Kresel, as chief examiner, had called on Secretary of State Mitchell May and various officers of the Assembly of the Senate, to prove that Governor Sulzer had been duly nominated, elected, sworn into office and impeached.

The banker testified that he had known the Governor for many years;

(Continued on Page Eight.)

ATHLETICS OPEN AT BOSTON WINNING A RAGGED CONTEST

Wyckoff Perpetually In Trouble, Issueing Total of Twelve Passes

SENATORS CHANCE FOR SECOND

Recruit Team of Connie Mack Should Offer Some Easy Victories for The Senators During the Coming Week.

Philadelphia opened its final series at the Boston ball grounds yesterday afternoon, winning the game by a ten to nine score in one of the loosest exhibitions of the season. Wyckoff was always in trouble, and issued an even dozen passes and fifteen hits. But opportune bunching of hits off the opposing twirlers gave the game to the champions.

The Athletics play until Saturday at Boston, a total of four games, closing the season on the Boston local grounds Saturday afternoon. Mack will probably start his recruit team to work within the next few days and the team will present an entirely different line-up than formerly. This should aid the Washington Senators in contesting for second place over the Naps, the Athletics have three games with the Senators beginning next Monday, while the Naps have Chicago and Detroit to contend with during the same time, and do not meet the Athletics again before the close of the season.

Mack will undoubtedly give a good rest to his "$100,000 infield," all of whom have been right in the middle of the fray during the entire season, and the removal of the McInnis-Collins-Barry-Baker quartette from the team means that the biggest part of the team is out. Recruit twirlers will also probably take a hand in the remaining battles of the Mackmen.

Ragged Game.

Boston, Sept. 24.—A ragged game today resulted in a 10 to 7 victory for Philadelphia over Boston. Wyckoff, the visiting pitcher, was always in difficulty, 12 passes being issued by him. But his teammates hit opportunely and Boston's errors were of assistance in the run getting. A double play by Oldring and Lapp cut off a run at the plate in the ninth inning and ended the contest.

Philadelphia	.500 001 310	—10	15 4
Boston	.000 201 240	— 9	9 3

Wyckoff and Lapp; Leonard, Hall, Anderson, Moseley and Cady, Nunemaker. Time 2:21. Umpires, Evans and Ferguson.

THE CURRENCY BILL.

Credit Men's Association Recommends Some Changes—The Hearing.

Washington, Sept. 24.—Endorsement by the Banking and Currency Committee of the National Credit Men's Association of the pending Democratic currency bill in principle, but strongly urging numerous material amendments, was presented today to the Senate committee.

J. H. Trego, secretary of the association, submitted a brief outline of proposed changes. He suggested the number of Federal reserve banks from 12 to 6 in order to strengthen the resources of each; criticised the bill's failure to provide for representation of bankers on the Federal Reserve Board; opposed making Federal reserve notes government obligations, and urged that the notes should be redeemed in gold, declared the government should not collect interest on its deposits with the reserve banks and vigorously condemned the plan to allow National banks to do a savings account business.

With extended hearings on the bill practically assured, the Senate Committee today settled down to secure all information available. A suggestion by F. E. Kenaston, one of a delegation of Northwestern merchants, that the committee visit various parts of the country and get in touch with business interests was not thought feasible.

In addition to the views of the credit men and the Northwestern merchants, including Hovey C. Clark, A. H. Comstock and Fedall G. Winston the committee heard Breckenridge Jones, of St. Louis, who discussed the bill from the viewpoint of State banks and trust companies.

The committee expects to hear a number of delegations from various parts of the country during the remainder of the week.

Pittsburgh, Sept. 24.—Arrangements were completed tonight for the golf match here tomorrow between Harry Vardon and Edward Ray, of England, and W. C. Fownes, Jr., and E. M. Byers, of this city. Interest is at high pitch, as both Fownes and Byers are former amateur champions of the United States.

San Francisco, Sept. 24.—J. B. Makada, a wealthy Japanese merchant, and for many years official interpreter in the police courts, was shot dead today by an unidentified assassin while walking through the hallway in his office building. Two bullets pierced Makada's lungs from behind. No one saw the murderer, but the revolver was found lying in a stairway.

Winning Plays In 1911 Series

The first game was won by the Giants, 2 to 1, on Snodgrass' good base running, and an error; the winning run was the result of two base hits by Meyers and Devore. Mathewson gave six hits; Bender 5.

The second game went to the Athletics, Plank beating Marquard, 3 to 1. With the score one each in the sixth, Collins doubled and Baker hit his first home run of the series.

The Athletics took the third game, in New York. The Giants led until the ninth, when Baker duplicated his home run of the day before, tying the score. In the 11th the Athletics scored two runs on errors by Herzog and Fletcher.

After several days' intermission Mathewson again faced the Athletics and started brilliantly, but in the fourth was hit for three doubles in succession by Baker, Murhpy and Davis, followed by a single and sacrifice fly, which netted three runs.

The fifth game went ten innings, and the Giants won, 4 to 3, tying the score in the ninth and winning in the tenth. Doyle doubled, beat Plank's throw to third on a force and scored on Merkle's sacrifice fly.

The sixth and last game was a slaughter, the Athletics winning, 13 to 2.

FOOTBALL RESULTS.

At Carlisle, Pa.: Carlisle Indians 26; Lebanon Valley College, 0.

At New Haven, Conn.: Yale 21; Wesleyan 0.

At Ithaca: Cornell 41; Ursinus 0.

COBB VS. JACKSON

Ty Cobb and Joe Jackson had a day of rest yesterday, while Tris Speaker in the game with Philadelphia was credited with one legal time at bat without getting a hit.

Standing to Date.

	AB	H	Ave.
Cobb	409	157	.384
Jackson	509	190	.373
Speaker	521	190	.365

MRS. PANKHURST TALKS.

Coming to America to Explain Suffragette Doings in England.

Paris, Sept. 24.—Mrs. Emeline Pankhurst, the English suffragette leader, today informed the Associated Press that she did not anticipate the slightest difficulty in entering the United States and had received no communication whatever on the subject.

"The object of my voyage to America," she said, "is to answer the question in the minds of the American people, why militants do the sort of things they do in England."

"Fortunate," continued Mrs. Pankhurst, "on account of the reasonableness of American men, American women appear to be getting the vote by peaceful means. Nevertheless, I think that even American women owe some gratitude to English militancy for helping to make 'votes for women' the burning question of the day. I have no reason to expect anything but a sympathetic welcome from the nation whose past history shows it to have been a great militant itself."

Mrs. Pankhurst today said she intended to sail before October 11th, the date previously announced for her departure.

ROCKEFELLER TO OUIMET.

Aged Millionaire Sends Greetings to Young Golf Champion.

Boston, Mass., Sept. 24.—A telegram from John D. Rockefeller, ardent follower of the ancient game of golf, is among the many messages of congratulation received by Ouimet, the youthful amateur whose success in the National open championship last Saturday made history for the sport. "Congratulations upon your American victory," Mr. Rockefeller telegraphed.

Ouimet today denied reports that he soon is to become a professional. He said he intends to accept an invitation from the Portola Festival Club, of California, to participate in its golf tournament near San Francisco next month.

LANGFORD FIGHT OFF.

No Bouts Between Whites and Negroes Allowed in New York.

New York, Sept. 24.—The Garden Athletic Club announced tonight that the ten-round bout arranged to take place in Madison Square Garden next Friday night between Gunboat Smith, of California, the leading white heavyweight, and Sam Langford, of Boston, the negro pugilist, is off.

This announcement was made shortly after the New York State Athletic Commission unanimously had decided to retain the rule prohibiting bouts between negro and white pugilists.

∴ STANDING OF THE TEAMS ∴

AMERICAN LEAGUE

	Won.	Lost.	P.C
Philadelphia	95	49	.660
Cleveland	83	62	.572
Washington	82	63	.566
Boston	73	67	.521
Chicago	74	72	.507
Detroit	62	84	.425
New York	53	88	.376
St. Louis	55	92	.374

NATIONAL LEAGUE

	Won.	Lost.	P.C
New York	94	47	.667
Philadelphia	83	55	.601
Chicago	83	63	.569
Pittsburgh	76	68	.528
Boston	63	78	.447
Brooklyn	62	79	.440
Cincinnati	63	85	.426
St. Louis	49	99	.331

RESULTS YESTERDAY

At Boston 9; Philadelphia 10.

At New York 2; Brooklyn 1.
At Pittsburg 3; Chicago 2.
At Philadelphia 0; Boston 4.
2nd: Philadelphia 11; Boston 6.

WHERE THEY PLAY TODAY

Philadelphia at Boston.
Washington at New York.

New York at Brooklyn.
Chicago at Pittsburg.
Boston at Philadelphia (2).

THE ETERNAL DOPE.

(By Grantland Rice.)

Certain writers have panned the Cardinals for only drafting one or two men. On the other hand, we believe they should be given credit for the finest philanthropy the game has ever shown—for an amazing amount of mercy in giving the poor, inoffensive bushers a chance to get started with a regular ball club.

Two More Weeks.

Two weeks from today the curtain again flutters across the stage—leaving but two actors of the 16 who had started back in April.

In the last three years out of 16 ball clubs exactly three have figured in the world series salvage—in the main glory of the game. In the last four years Giants and Athletics have figured on three occasions, which shows how hard it is to dislocate a ball club that has once fought its way to the top.

So while things are a trifle quiet in 14 of the 16 camps just now, two weeks will bring back all the merry chatter of another Winter league, when that sweeping chorus, "Next Year," will ripple from the Browns and Cardinals as lustily as it does from the Mackmen and the Giants.

The standing of the clubs shows where they all belong today. But 14 days from now will find 16 pennant contenders in the field in the place of only two.

The New Order.

They once said that "truth was stranger than fiction." Jimmy Hopper in his Saturday Evening Post yarn has turned this eminent theory upside down. He has a New York manager draft a pitcher for the world series two days before the series starts—has this pitcher report after the Giants have lost two games—and the drafted one kicks in and wins three straight games—and the main dough.

We have seen fiction put over a number of highly technical episodes before—but this closes out the chapter. And to out this prize collection of dope, the artist has McGraw and Jake Stahl coupled with Umpire Evans and aide standing to one side as the leading Philadelphia slugger is struck down and out. Truth may be stranger than fiction, but not when fiction is handled in a certain way.

This yarn should be a tip to Mack and McGraw. He may now lamp this headline: "Mack drafts Walter Johnson to face Giants; adds Cobb, Jackson and Speaker to his outfield."

"McGraw drafts Cravath and Seaton to face Athletics; confident of victory."

Speaking of Tough Fortune.

Last season the Senators beat out the Athletics; this season they beat out the Red Sox. Think of what would have happened if the two seasons had been reversed—if they had beaten out the Red Sox last season and the Mackmen this season?

Which shows by what queer turns great achievements are put through or dismantled. By a simple shift, Walter Johnson by October 10th might had eight world series victories to his credit within two years.

When two ball games are played they are listed as a double-header. But what will be the correct title to employ when October 2nd, the Giants and Phillies meet in two and one-half ball games?

So far there are only 19 candidates mentioned for presidency of the National League. But politics in this circuit rarely gets going at the full speed until the day after the last world series game. Which recalls the fact that there has been a good bit more politics in the National League in the last three years than there have been world series championships.

H. F.—Our tip for the pitching selection in the opening game is Bender, Plank, Shawkey or Houck vs. Mathewson, Marquard, Tesreau or Demaree. If you los your gamble on this inside dope, charge 10 per cent. of it to us.

PLAYERS MUST NOT WRITE.

National Commission Bars Them from the Literary Stunt.

Cincinnati, Sept. 24.—Owing to frequent complaints received by the National Baseball Commission and the Baseball Writers' Association, concerning articles alleged to have been written by ball players, the National Commission today handed down a ruling in which it orders that no players eligible to compete in the world's series or any city series, shall write or pretend to write an account of such series, for any newspapers, nor shall any player allow the use of his name over an article purporting to be written by him.

Violation of this order will result in the infliction of such penalty as the commission may determine.

The Baseball Writers' Association of America recently had solicited the co-operation of the commission in preventing ball players from invading their field.

IN THE MINORS

American Association.

At Indianapolis 0; Kansas City 4.
2nd: Indianapolis 3; Kansas City 4.
At Louisville 2; Minneapolis 6.
At Toledo 2; Milwaukee 3.
At Columbus 3; St. Paul 4.

Washington, Sept. 24.—Representative Slayden, of Texas, spent half an hour with Secretary Garrison today endeavoring to convince the secretary that Fort Sam Houston was the one ideal site in the United States for a great military post. Mr. Slayton declared it had been so recognized for 200 years past and that it should shelter at least three regiments of troops. The secretary, however, positively declined to make any addition to the present garrison of two regiments.

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DEDICATED DODGERS BOOST M'GRAW'S CLAN PENNANTWARD

Mathewson in the Box Assured Giants an Easy Victory

PHILS SPLIT WITH BRAVES

Philadelphians Made a Homer, Six Doubles and Seven Singles in Second—Cubs Dropped to Pittsburg Pirates.

The New York Giants approached the threshold of the National League championship for the season of 1913 when with the peerless Mathewson pitching in his usual form, they put over a win in the one game scheduled on the Polo Grounds with the Brooklyn Trolley Dodgers yesterday afternoon. Mathewson was rather free with hits, issuing a total of 12 to half as many by Reulbach, but kept them scattered so that they availed the Dedicated Dodgers only one tally in the fourth inning of the game.

The Phillies marched up the hill and down again by splitting a double-header with the Boston Braves, the first game going to the Braves and the second to the locals. The second game was featured by heavy hitting by the Phils, making one home run, six doubles and seven singles.

The Chicago Cubs' performance abounded in errors and Cheney uncorked two wild pitches, giving the Pittsburg Pirates a 3 to 2 victory. Only eight hits totaled both sides, each being credited with four safeties.

Matty.

New York, Sept. 24.—The New Yorks crept a little closer to the championship today, taking a close game from Brooklyn 2 to 1. The game was a tight pitchers' battle between Mathewson and Reulbach.

Brooklyn	.000 100 000	—1	12 2
New York	.000 200 00x	—2	6 0

Reulbach and Fischer; Mathewson and Meyers and McLean; time 1:32; umpires Klem and Orth.

Braves-Phils Split.

Philadelphia, Sept. 24.—Boston and Philadelphia divided a double-header here this afternoon. Boston won the first game 4 to 0 and Philadelphia captured the second 11 to 6. The visitors won the first through the excellent twirling of Rudolph. Heavy hitting featured the second contest, the home club making a home run, six doubles and seven singles.

Boston	.000 030 001	—4	9 2
Philadelphia	.000 000 000	—0	3 2

Rudolph and Rariden; Seaton, Brennan and Killifer and Burns; time 1:42; umpires Byron and Rigler.

Second game:

Boston	.100 022 001	— 6	14 2
Philadelphia	.421 200 20x	—11	14 2

Perdue, Davis, James and Whaling and Gowdy; Mayer, Camnitz and Doin; time 2:00; umpires Rigler and Byron.

Cubs' Errors.

Pittsburg, Sept. 24.—Chicago's errors and two wild pitches by Cheney in the first inning gave Pittsburg the opener of the series 3 to 2.

Chicago	.000 101 000	—2	4 3
Pittsburg	.201 000 00x	—3	4 1

Cheney, Lavender and Archer; Hendrix and Gibson; time 1:36; umpires O'Day and Emslie.

Picks Marquard For First Honors

(By Jake Daubert, National League's Leading Batter.)

If Jack Coombs can pitch in his old form, the Athletics have better than an even chance to beat the Giants in the world's series, but without him I believe the Giants will win.

Plank and Bender are mighty good pitchers, but will be worn out by the American league race and won't be in the best shape even with a long rest.

The Athletics outclass the Giants in batting strength; their infield is better and outfield on a par with McGraw's.

But the Giants excel in the box, and this will count a lot. Marquard, Mathewson, Fromme, Tesreau and Demaree—is the way I rank McGraw's pitchers.

Marquard is best, because he is a left-hander, and the majority of Mack's men hit left-handed. Rube's jump ball and drop are almost unhittable when he is right. He has terrific speed and there is no judging or timing the jump on his ball. I have tried time and again without success. Sometimes it jumps two inches, sometimes six.

His drop is just as effective. It sails straight and true, and when you swing and miss the ball you feel foolish. The drop varies like the jump ball.

If I were McGraw I'd start Marquard and let him pitch at least three games. This will mean every other day, but with a long rest the Rube can stand it.

As to Matty: If the Athletics were a right-handed hitting team he would be my star, but wonderful pitcher that he is, Matty is handicapped against the left-handers.

Matty is the greatest of all pitchers. He has speed, control and a marvelous brain. He puts the ball where it can be hit, but he puts something on it that makes it go to the fielders. Outguessing Matty is a joke—on the batter.

I choose Fromme as third best bet. He is one of the greatest pitchers in the game. He never had a chance in Cincinnati, but, with the Giants behind him he is a wonder. He is steady and experienced, has great speed, control and a good change of pace, with an underhand ball that is one of the most mystifying I ever saw.

Tesreau is one of the best spit ball pitchers in the business, but he lacks control this year. I think for this reason McGraw will hesitate to use big Jeff unless he has to.

Demaree is a comer. He has deceptive delivery and about as good an assortment of curves as any pitcher. He is a bit inexperienced and I don't believe he will be used, save as relief pitcher.

I expect the Giant pitchers to do better work than the Athletics. The latter eam will find the crowd in the polo grounds' center field a handican. Every visiting team has found it difficult to bat against the Giants' pitchers when the center-field seats were filled.

Batting success lies in timing the swing of the bat to the flight of the ball, and at the Polo Grounds, because of the background of people, it is almost impossible for visiting players to time their swing. They lose the ball in the blur of faces in the bleachers. The Giants are accustomed to this and it doesn't bother them so much as it does a visiting team.

Washington, Sept. 24.—An additional appropriation of $75,000 for the Federal building at Augusta, Ga., was authorized in a bill passed today by the House. The original appropriation was $250,000.

Aided Athletics to Victory.

Lapp, star backstop of the Mackmen, participated in a double play with Rube Oldring, which cut off tieing run at the plate.

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A. N. McDONALD'S PRODUCTION OF
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A PLAY DEALING WITH THE UNDERWORLD AND ONE OF THE GREATEST NEW YORK SUCCESSES BY
Paul Armstrong and Wilson Mizner
Matinee prices—25, 50, 75 cents and $1.
Night prices—25, 50, 75 cenas, $1, and $1.50.
Seats on sale at J. Hicks Bunting's Drug Store Friday at 8:30 A. M.
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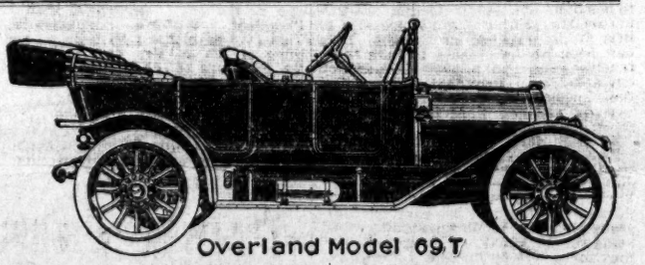

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The Gay Rebellion, by Robert W. Chambars.
Guinevere's Lover, by Elinor Glyn.
The Valiants of Virginia, by Hallie E. River.
John O' Jamestown, by Vaughn Kester.
Andrew the Glad, by Marie Thompson Daviess.
Roast Beef Medium, by Edna Ferber.
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Watch Our Windows. Watch Our Ads.

..Theatrical..

The train was late but Anna Held and her all-star troupe of players finally did get upon the stage last night after the audience which had been promised the best show of the season got tired and wearied with waiting. But at last the show was on, and before it was concluded the audience was convinced that here at last Wilmington had been treated to a "two dollar" show. It was vaudeville, but vaudeville of the better class, and the sort that pleases most of us, who only claim to be ordinary, frail creatures of the dust.

First upon the scene came the "Imperial Pekinese Company," six Chinese acrobats, who did startling stunts, things that seemed impossible to do, such as hanging by their hair and holding up themselves, together with two other men. Then there was dancing, no question about that, it was the "poetry of motion" or whatever you please to call it. There was the Boston Dip, the Castle Walk and all the different varieties of the Tango. The costumes were the latest and in full accord with the nature dancing.

The brilliant Anna Held who had laid in a new stock of gowns, evidently, with a large chorus sang, but nobody cared especially for the singing. It was those stunning gowns and those eyes. But you can't forget Anna for she is just as vivacious and piquant as ever, and came up to the higehest expectations.

Andrew Mack sang Irish songs, and he can sing—and as an entertainer with his monologues is unequalled—at least by those who come this way. Herschel Hendler did things with the piano, intermingling rag-time and classical music in a most clever manner. Then there was a sketch, "The Sign of the Rose," in which George Beban as the grief-stricken Italian brought tears to many eyes. The famous bicycle act of Charles Ahearn and company was a whole show in itself but we can't tell it all here.

There is no question but that it is an all-star show, and for one time Wilmingtonians are quite sure that they got their two dollars worth, even if they did have to stay until midnight before the show ended. Some would have been glad to have had it continued all night.

The company gave a matinee performance at Goldsboro, leaving there at 6 o'clock, some two hours later than was expected. This delay was explained by a member of the troupe by the fact that the scenery was hard to handle in the Goldsboro playhouse. There was a fairly large audience at Goldsboro and the show was very much enjoyed there, as here. During the day one of the matrons in charge of the Odd Fellows' Orphanage at Goldsboro and a dozen young girls visited Miss Held at her private car and she declared last night that it gave her great pleasure to entertain the young folks. She gave to each a momento. Miss Held said that she was deeply touched by the kindly feeling toward her on her Southern trip, which is the first in five years. Everywhere she has been she has been most kindly received, she said. Leaving Wilmington at 12:30 o'clock this morning on their special train the troupe will give two performances in Charleston today, afternoon and night.

"Deep Purple," Matinee and Night.

The Academy of Music's next attraction comes Saturday, matinee and night, and it will be the great New York dramatic success, "The Deep Purple," which will be given a big production by a Metropolitan cast. Seats for both matinee and night performances will go on sale at J. Hicks Bunting's drug store tomorrow morning at 8:30 o'clock.

As some folks seem to have gotten the wrong impression of the attraction and as all want to know as to the company (the play itself is too well known to need introduction) why the following from the Danville (Va.) Record of Tuesday, this week, will be read with interest:

"It is a great pity that so good and strong a drama and one so ably presented as 'The Deep Purple,' should be given so meaningless a title and foredoomed to diminished patronage by the misleading description of it in the advertisements and supposedly descriptive literature. The advertising announcements characterizes it as 'a play dealing with the underworld,' and they add insult to injury by saying that 'The main plot revolves about the white slave traffic; it shows its conception, its development.' One naturally might have supposed that it was hardly a fit play for a mixed audience, and that it had a prurient appeal.

"Those who witnessed the presentation of the drama last night can and doubtless will, testify that the piece was slandered by its title and its descriptive characterization. The insertion in the advertisement of the words 'Nothing to offend,' implied a doubt of the character of the play, rather than a real commendation of it. As a matter of fact the play is clean, strong and gripping in its well sustained interest. In its cast certain criminal types of New York are portrayed, but there are also wholesome, virile characters with the rugged strength, courage and character of the West and the refinement and gentleness of the best types of the East. The plot revolves about a young girl infatuated with a flashy stranger, who turns out to be a crook, and naturally he is associated with crooks in his lair and habitat. The world old conflict between good and evil is introduced in the very first act when a woman with an unsavory past finds her life revolutionized by her interest in a man of her type and their mutual desire to 'begin over,' and in more propitious environments. Then enters the hero in the form of a self-reliant young Westerner who has 'struck it rich.' His mother and sister, who are Easteners of the better type, contribute the refinement and the heart feature, and this trio, with the aid of the reformed female crook, thwart the schemes of the badgers and blackmail gang, save the confiding young girl who had run away with the arch crook and finally bring a denouncement that spells 'All's Well That Ends Well.'

"The play as put on last night was admirably presented by a company of fifteen persons, every one of whom is well cast and gives a convincing portrayal of the role essayed."

Four Big Ones at The Grand.

Four big films—a quartette of the very best, as well as latest—will be offered by the Grand Theatre today. Of course, the Grand's hundreds and hundreds of devotees will be "in on it." They will witness a great show. Comedy will play a large and important part in today's show, lead by a fun film of the minute, "The Suffragette Minstrels." It tells how the suffragettes, fearing for the safety of their husbands, investigate the show and what happens thereby. "Father's Chicken Dinner" is the Biograph's latest offering in the laugh-provoking line, and its a daisy. "The Sheriff of Cochise" is Essanay's star offering today, and it is one of the best of all dramatics. Pathe has its topliner on in the dramatic line, also. It is "The Turning Point," telling of a band of criminals and their woman tool. There will be plenty of new and merry music at the Grand today, of course. The price of admission is only 5 cents, afternoon and night.

"Skeleton in the Closet" at Bijou.

The popular Bijou held high revelry yesterday, to the great delight of immense audiences, presenting as the center of its big bunch of films the latest Warner feature. Today will be just as good, however, for merit and, no doubt, the audiences will be just as large. And another one of those Wonderful Kalem special two-reel release films, direct from factory to Bijou, will be presented. It will be "The Skeleton in the Closet" and it requires two big reels to present the stirring, novel story. It is a tale of Indians, cattle thieves and the like, and abounds in thrills every moment. There is a beautiful love story running throughout, while there is enough comedy to relieve any tense situation. Lubin's best clown film is also a star today in "When Tony Pawned Louisa," and in the jolly cast will be seen such noted artists as Harry Myers, Martin Faust and Ethel Clayton. It's a sure tip that no amusement-lover wants to miss today's big Bijou show.

HAVE DENTAL INSPECTION.

Children in Kinston Schools Will Enjoy Dental and Medical Inspection.

(Special Star Correspondence.)

Kinston, N. C., Sept. 24.—By means of an arrangement made between the dentists of the city and the Kinston school authorities, dental inspection for the city's school children is an innovation introduced here.

The work will be inaugurated in the grammar school, and after its success has been determined there it will be carried into the primary and high schools. The plan is the first step looking toward medical inspection, and is not obligatory upon the pupils.

The school authorities say there is in almost every case a direct connection between bad teeth and bad work in the class room, as a child cannot do his best work unless he is at the highest point of physical efficiency. The attitude of the dentists of the city has been particularly generous, and as soon as the matter was mentioned to them they expressed their willingness to co-operate. They will make the examinations and fill out blanks which will be forwarded to parents of children inspected, and the matter is then left with the child and his parents.

Easily the second largest break of tobacco this season to date was sold on the local market Tuesday, when about 475,000 pounds, 25,000 pounds less than the high record for the market, were sold. There was enough overflow that was not put on the floors of the warehouses for a fair sale. Some of the warehousemen got into telephonic communication with planters at distant points and asked them to withhold their weed from the day's sales. Otherwise over half a million pounds would have been crowded onto the floors. The good prices of the season were maintained. Over six million pounds have been sold here since the market opened four weeks ago, and only about a quarter of the season is gone.

Bryant Cogdell, a negro, was bound over to Superior Court from the municipal court here for larceny in a most unusual case. James Boyd, another negro, employed at a Queen street pressing club, rode his employer's bicycle to a point in South Kinston and left it on the street. Cogdell had suspected Boyd of alienating his wife's affections, and in revenge stole the bicycle and hid it. It is alleged that he vented his wrath to some extent on the mechanism of the bicycle, too.

Thomasville, Ga., Sept. 24.—Physicians attending Representative C. A. Rodenbery who is ill at his home here, tonight said that his death might be expected at any time. Mr. Roddenbery late tonight relapsed into unconsicousness. His mother, who arrived here today, and members of his immediate family are at his bedside.

Breaks in stiff felt frequently may be mended by holding under them a lighted match, the heat causing the shellac used for stiffening to melt and run together.

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Year after year the same ripe, mellow tobacco, the same perfect workmanship, the same pleasure and satisfaction.

Imitators have despaired of ever equalling *Piedmont* Quality. Whole coupon in each package.

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Blood is Purified Quickly in Summer

Here is a Remedy that has Wonderful Action and Promotes Health.

S. S. S. Makes Your Blood Corpuscles Unite for Mutual Protection.

Mingling with your food, arousing stomach action, absorbed immediately into your blood, the famous remedy known as S. S. S. has a wonderful action. Its main purpose is to stimulate cellular activity or that peculiar process which instantly changes the worn-out cells for the new red blood corpuscles.

The medicinal value of the components of S. S. S. is relatively just as vital to healthy blood as the nutriment obtained from grain, meat, fats, sugars or any other part of our daily food is to the natural reconstructive requirements of the tissues. And there is one component of S. S. S. which serves the active purpose of stimulating the cellular tissue to a healthy and judicious selection of its own essential nutriment. Thus, in cases of skin disease such as eczema, acne, herpes, tetter or psoriasis, first purify your blood with S. S. S. so it will enable the tissues to rebuild their cellular strength and regain their normal health.

S. S. S. is purely a botanical product, and you will make a great mistake to have some enthusiast palm off a mineral preparation that may do you irreparable harm.

S. S. S. is prepared by The Swift Specific Co., 191 Swift Bldg., Atlanta, Ga., and if you have any obstinate skin trouble, write to their Medical Department for free advice. It will be worth your while to do so.

PILES are curable. All kinds mean suffering and danger. The CAUSE is always internal. Dr. Leonhardt's HEM-ROID tablets produce amazing results by attacking the INTERNAL CAUSE. The piles are dried up and permanently cured. 24 days' treatment, $1.00. DR. LEONHARDT CO., Buffalo, N. Y. (Free boo

Sold by R. R. Bellamy and all druggists.

VISIT THE

Grand Theatre

5 Cents

DAY OR NIGHT

FOUR BIG FILMS — A QUARTET OF THE VERY BEST AND LATEST PICTURES AT THE GRAND THEATRE TODAY:

"THE SUFRAGETTE MINSTRELS."

"FATHER'S CHICKEN DINNER."

"THE SHERIFF OF COCHISE."

"THE TURNING POINT."

TO VISIT THE GRAND THESE DAYS IS A PLEASURE AND COMFORT.

Big Special Feature—Two Reels—Kalem: "The Skeleton in the Closet." "When Tony Pawned Louisa."

BIJOU

TODAY.

Resinol

heals baby's skin trouble

THERE is no need of baby suffering from eczema, ringworm, tetter or other itching, burning, unsightly eruption. With the first use of Resinol Ointment and Soap, the itching and burning stop, and healing begins. After Resinol has quickly removed the last trace of the trouble, Resinol Soap for baby's bath will usually keep his skin clear and healthy.

Every druggist sells Resinol Soap and Ointment. For free trial, write to Dept. 9-M, Resinol, Baltimore, Md.

When It Comes to Using

ICE

The Independent Ice Company

without doubt offers in all respects the best Ice to be had in this market.

The water used is drawn from deep wells and is clear, pure and cold; it is distilled and double filtered, then reboiled making it absolutely pure.

It is then frozen at a very low temperature making Ice of the highest sanitary quality.

The best authorities on analytical chemistry prove our claim that no purer Ice than ours can be made.

Our Ice cuts clear and sure thus avoiding the waste in using so noticeable in other makes of Ice; therefore, careful and discriminating consumers will make no mistake in calling for our Ice on the grounds of purity, economy and general satisfaction.

Our delivery service is of the highest efficiency, combining certainty with celerity—early and late, and all the time on the job.

Our increasing sales prove in the most conclusive manner that we are serving the public with the real stuff.

Very truly yours for good, hot weather,

The Independent Ice Company

We Have a Few of These Greatest of All Mowing Machines Left

WALTER A. WOOD & CO.

The Pioneer Builders of Harvesting Machines

Without Doubt the Best Made Today

WM. E. SPRINGER & COMPANY

District Agents

Wilmington, North Carolina

LIGHTNING FREEZER

To be sure of *pure* ice cream, make it at home. To make it easily and quickly; rich, smooth and velvety, use the Lightning Freezer.

SEASONABLE GOODS

Refrigerators. Ice Cream Freezers. Garden Hose. Lawn Mowers. Wire Doors and Window Screens. Ball, Mason and Sure Seal Fruit Jars and Rubbers.

Can make immediate shipment. Your orders solicited

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Wholesale Hardware Dealers

The Wilmington Furniture Co.

The old, reliable home furnishers continue to offer Special Inducements to those who are beginning to housekeep, or those needing only a few new pieces.

Better Goods, Better Prices, Better Treatment, has made this firm the Trusted Friend of the Masses.

GARRELL BUILDING, 25 PRINCESS ST.

DON'T WANT TO TALK LIFE INSURANCE?

Perhaps not, but, if you are wise, and love your family, you will.

When you are sick, you want the doctor. If you are not an insurance expert, you need the agent.

We offer you expert advice on life insurance matters. Contract made to suit your particular need.

ATLANTIC LIFE INSURANCE CO.

James & James, District Agents, Wilmington, N. C.
W. C. Woodard, Jr., General Agent, Rocky Mount, N. C.

500,000 Cypress Shingles

200,000 NO. 1 PINE LATHS.

LIME, CEMENT, PLASTER, AND ALL KINDS OF BUILDING MATERIAL.

W. B. THORPE & CO.

BUILDERS' SUPPLIES AND COAL.

ATLANTIC COAST LINE

Arrivals and Departures of Trains at Wilmington. Effective Sept. 14, 1913. Time Not Guaranteed.

DEPARTURES	TO AND FROM	ARRIVALS
No. 96. ! 9:40 A. M.	Goldsboro, Richmond, Norfolk and Eastern North Carolina points. Connects at Goldsboro with Southern Railway and Norfolk Southern Railroad. No. 91 leaves Norfolk 13:20 P. M. and Richmond 14:10 P. M.	No. 91. a 2:15 A. M.
No. 51. * 5:35 A. M.	Chadbourn, Conway, Florence, Charleston, Savannah, Jacksonville, Tampa, Ft. Myers, Columbia and Asheville. Pullman Sleeping Cars between Wilmington and Columbia, open to receive passengers at Wilmington at and after 10:00 P. M., and may be occupied until 7:00 A. M.	No. 98. *12:30 A. M.
No. 66. ! 5:50 A. M.	Jacksonville, Newbern and Intermediate stations.	No. 65. ! 6:25 P. M.
No. 48. * 8:30 A. M.	Goldsboro, Richmond, Norfolk and Washington. Pullman Parlor Cars between Wilmington and Norfolk, connecting at Rocky Mount with New York trains with Pullman Service.	No. 49. * 6:15 P. M.
No. 53. * 8:45 A. M.	Solid train between Wilmington and Mt. Airy, via Fayetteville and Sanford. Pullman Parlor Cars between Wilmington and Goldsboro.	No. 52. * 3:05 P. M.
No. 58. * 3:15 P. M.	Chadbourn, Conway, Florence, Charleston, Savannah, All Florida Points, Columbia, Asheville and the West. Pullman Sleeping Cars between Wilmington and Columbia.	No. 54. * 1:40 P. M.
No. 62. * 3:25 P. M.	Jacksonville, Newbern and Intermediate stations.	No. 63. *12:50 P. M.
No. 59. ! 6:30 P. M.	Fayetteville, Sanford and Intermediate stations.	No. 60. !10:15 A. M.
No. 43. * 6:45 P.M.	Goldsboro, Richmond, Norfolk, Washington and New York. Pullman Broiler, Buffet Sleeping Cars between Wilmington and Washington, connecting with New York trains, with Pullman Sleeping Cars between Wilmington and Norfolk.	No. 41. 10:00 A. M.
No. 57. ! 7:00 P. M.	Chadbourn, Mullins, Marion, Florence, Conway and Intermediate stations.	No. 56. ! 9:45 A. M.

* Daily. ! Daily except Sunday. b Sunday only. a Daily except Monday.

For folders, reservations, rates of fares, etc., call 'phone 160.

W. J. CRAIG, Passenger Traffic Manager. T. C. WHITE, General Passenger Agent. WILMINGTON, N. C.

SEABOARD Air Line Railway

Schedule Effective April 27th, 1913.

TRAINS LEAVE WILMINGTON:

No. 19—8 A. M., arrive Hamlet, 9:00 A. M. Leave Hamlet, 9:20 A. M.; arrive Charlotte, 12:10 P. M. Connects at Hamlet with trains Nos. 4 for Raleigh, Norfolk, Richmond and All Points North, and with No 1 for Columbia, Savannah, Jacksonville Tampa and all points South. At Monroe with train No. 29, for Atlanta.

DAILY SLEEPER ON NO. 19 TRAIN FOR CHARLOTTE. OPEN FOR OCCUPANCY AT 10 O'CLOCK P. M.

No. 13—3:05 P. M.; arrive Hamlet, 7:28 P. M.; leave Hamlet, 8:00 P. M.; arrive Charlotte, 11:00 P. M. Connects at Hamlet with through trains for Atlanta, Birmingham, Columbia, Savannah, Jacksonville, Tampa. Also Norfolk, Richmond and All Points North. Pullman chair car between Wilmington and Charlotte.

TRAINS ARRIVE WILMINGTON.

No. 14—12:30 P. M., from Charlotte and intermediate points.

No. 20—12:10 A. M., from Charlotte and intermediate points.

For further information, call on or this phone

JNO. T. WEST, Division Passenger Agt.

N. & W. Norfolk & Western Railway

Quickest and Best Line West and Northwest.

Block System. Rock Ballast, 85-lb. Rails

Schedule in Effect May 12, 1912.

Lv. Norfolk	8:30 a.m.	8:00 p.m
Lv. Petersburg	11:00 a.m.	10:40 p.m
Lv. Durham	7:00 a.m.	5:30 p.m
Lv. Lynchburg	2:40 p.m.	2:30 a.m
Ar. Cincinnati	7:20 a.m.	6:25 p.m
Ar. Columbus	6:45 a.m.	6:55 p.m
Ar. Chicago	5:00 p.m.	7:30 a.m
Ar. St. Louis	6:32 p.m.	8:30 a.m

Close connections made for Seattle, San Francisco and all Western points.

Pullman sleeping and parlor cars, N. and W. Cafe dining cars. Equipment and service standard of excellence. Blue Ridge and Allegheny mountains crossed at most picturesque parts.

Time tables, descriptive literature and information free. Correspondence invited

W. B. BEVILL, Pass. Traf. Mgr.
W. C. SAUNDERS, G. P. A., Roanoke, Va
C. H. BOSLEY, D. P. A., Richmond, Va

SEED RYE

200 bags Seed Rye
800 bags Texas R. P. Oats
500 bags Gallego Meal
200 bags Wheat Bran
300 bags Wheat Middlings
150 bags Corn Chops
200 bags Rice
200 bags Scratch Feed
250 bags Arab Horse Feed

Prices will meet Legitimate Competition.

D. L. GORE COMPANY

WHOLESALE GROCERS

Civil Service Examination

The Civil Service Commission will hold a meeting Friday night, the 26th instant, at 8 o'clock P. M., for the purpose of examining applicants for positions in the Police and Fire departments. All interested are notified to attend. S. J. ELLIS, Chairman.

se24-2t

RAPALJE & LOUGHLIN
CIVIL ENGINEERS
MUNICIPAL IMPROVEMENTS
TOWN PLANNING
SOUTHERN BLDG. WILMINGTON, N. C.

MADE BY H R Southern Map Company WILMINGTON N. C. TRADE MARK

BLUE-PRINTS

TO THE BEACH!

SUBURBAN SCHEDULE

In Effect September 15, 1913.

Leave Wilmington:	Leave Beach:
* 6:30 A.M.	* 6:05 A. M.
7:00 A. M.	7:10 A.M.
* 7:30 A. M.	7:45 A. M.
* 8:00 A. M.	* 8:15 A. M.
8:30 A. M.	* 8:45 A. M.
10:00 A. M.	9:15 A. M.
11:30 A. M.	10:45 A. M.
1:10 P. M.	12:15 P. M.
2:00 P. M.	1:50 P. M.
2:30 P. M.	2:45 P. M.
3:00 P. M.	3:15 P. M.
3:30 P. M.	3:45 P. M.
4:00 P. M.	4:15 P. M.
4:30 P. M.	4:45 P. M.
5:00 P. M.	5:15 P. M.
5:30 P. M.	5:45 P. M.
6:10 P. M.	6:25 P. M.
6:40 P. M.	6:55 P. M.
7:10 P. M.	7:25 P. M.
8:30 P. M.	7:55 P. M.
10:00 P. M.	9:15 P. M.
11:15 P. M.	10:45 P. M.
12:00 P. M.	12:00 P. M.

* Daily, except Sunday.

FREIGHT SCHEDULE.
Daily Except Sunday.

Leave 9th and Orange sts.	Leave Lumina.
9:30 A. M.	12:15 P. M.
3:30 P. M.	5:15 P. M.

Freight Office Open—8:00 to 9:30 A. M. 2:00 to 3:30 P. M, and 6:00 to 6:30 P. M.

SUNDAYS:

Leave 9th and Orange sts.	Leave Lumina.
11:00 A. M.	12:45 P. M.

Freight Office open from 10:00 to 11:00 A. M.

CLYDE LINE

TO NEW YORK AND GEORGETOWN, S. C.

New York to Wilmington.
Steamship "Cherokee" Friday, Sept. 12th.
Steamship "Navahoe," Friday, Sept. 19th.

Wilmington to Georgetown.
Steamship "Navahoe" Monday, Sept. 8th.
Steamship "Cherokee" Monday, Sept. 15th.

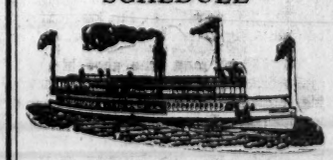
Wilmington to New York.
Steamship "Navahoe" Saturday, Sept. 13th.
Steamship "Cherokee" Saturday, Sept. 20th.

Steamship "Carib" Does Not carry Passengers.

Through bills of lading and lowest through rates guaranteed to and from all points in North and South Carolina.

CLYDE STEAMSHIP CO.,
C. J. BECKER, Agent, Wilmington, N. C.
M. G. SMALLBONES, Commercial Agent, Wilmington, N. C.
General Offices: Pier 36, N. R., New York.

STEAMER WILMINGTON SCHEDULE



Leaves daily until further notice, for Southport and Fort Caswell at 9:30 A. M., arriving back at 5 o'clock P. M.

J. B. FOX, Agent.

NOTICE TO

SAW MILLS
COTTON MILLS
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FERTILIZER MILLS
STEAMSHIPS
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and all machinery owners.

We have it or can make it or repair it. Machinery, Iron, Steel, Copper, Brass, Babbitt, etc. Come to us at once we always remedy the trouble. Business is good with us and it is a pleasure to serve you.

Wilmington Iron Works

"The Iron Men."

Manufacturing Plant: Foot of Orange Street.
Marine Railway: On Eagles Island.
Machinery and Storage Yards: Lingo City.

THE MORNING STAR

Published by the WILMINGTON STAR COMPANY, INC. Wilmington, N. C.

Entered as second-class matter at the postoffice at Wilmington, N. C., under Act of Congress, March 2nd, 1874.

FULL ASSOCIATED PRESS REPORT

PUBLISHERS' ANNOUNCEMENT.

THE MORNING STAR, the oldest daily newspaper in North Carolina, is published daily except Monday, at $6 per year, $3 for six months; $1.50 for three months; 50 cents for one month, served by carriers in the city, or by mail.

THE SUNDAY STAR, by mail, one year $1; six months, 50 cents; three months, 25 cents.

ADVERTISING RATES may be had on application, and advertisers may feel assured that through the columns of this paper they may reach all Wilmington, Eastern Carolina and contiguous territory in South Carolina.

Obituary sketches, cards of thanks, communications espousing the cause of a private enterprise or a political candidate and like matter will be charged at the rate of 10 cents per line, to persons carrying a regular account, or, if paid cash in advance, a half rate will be allowed. Announcements of fairs, festivals, balls, hops, picnics, excursions, society meetings, political meetings, etc., will be charged under the same conditions, except so much thereof as may be of news value to readers of the paper, in the discretion of the editors.

TELEPHONES: Business Office, No. 51; Editorial and Local rooms, No. 61. Call either, if the other doesn't answer.

COMMUNICATIONS, unless they contain important news, or discuss briefly and properly subjects of real interest, are not wanted; and, if acceptable in every other way, they will invariably be rejected unless the real name of the author accompanies the same, not necessarily for publication, but as a guarantee of good faith.

ALL DRAFTS, checks, express money orders, and postal money orders, for the paper should be made payable, and all communications should be addressed to, THE WILMINGTON STAR CO.

Thursday, September 25, 1913.

Fashion defies its critics and the ladies seem to take the side of fashion.

When a man has a hard proposition to push through he has to use a lot of soft soap.

A pretty face and an ugly disposition sometimes fall to the share of many "perfect beauties."

Reggie Vanderbilt! Sounds as if he might part his hair in the middle and sort of walk on the sides of his feet.

A man thinks he can set the world a-fire is lucky if he can keep out of hot water when he gets on the firing line.

What has become of the old-fashioned editor who used to write so much about conservation? Could he have been pickled?

Twenty-three counties in South Carolina will have fairs this Fall. There are at least twenty-three progressive counties in South Carolina.

Lexington, Ky., has a merchant by the name of Chatter. If he is so fortunate as to be married, doubtless he has every reason to call his wife Chatterbox.

A poet sang "Some days must be dark and dreary," but with a savings bank account and bananas on the free list the situation would be greatly relieved.

The man who depends on a legal technicality for his defense, has a poor stick to lean upon so far as justification in public opinion is concerned.

The newspapers seem to be so prone to misrepresent former Governor R. B. Glenn, that it has gotten so when we see anything with reference to him we have to wait to see it confirmed.

A man would continue to wear a straw hat till December if his wife didn't head him off and take it away from him and hide it till she gets time to make some sort of fancy basket to be used as a catchall.

St. Louis society women have organized a sewing and millinery club so they can cut down their expenses. When they get together and exchange ideas, if the ideas aer not extravagant, they can cut down part of the cost of living high.

A woman's idea of a man who is always losing his head is that it isn't worth advertising in The Star's "business locals." However, when she loses anything of value she sends a quarter and advertises the lost article the morning after it is missing.

The Miami man who shot himself and missed doubtless feels like kicking himself for being such a poor marksman. He may decide that as luck was against him in his attempt to take his own life, he may as well make up his mind to live a dog's life rather than be dead.

Several witnesses have testified that they have loaned large sums of money to Governor Sulzer without ever getting it back. If the Governor spent the money betting on the ponies or taking a plunge in Wall Street, he can prove that he never got the money back and is not in a position to pay the loans.

After having read President Wilson's book, the "New Freedom," Col. Roosevelt announces that he does not approve it. We fancy the third termer made up his mind to disapprove it beofre he read it, and that he read it with malice aforethought. We cannot see how a third termer could approve either the old freedom or the New Freedom.

A New York's sheriff's idea of Thaw is that he is "a dipsomaniac, degenerate, murderer, coward, egotist, over-indulgenist, spendthrift, good-for-nothing, evil-minded, night-owler, spoiled youngster, non-supporter, erratic, sycophantic, dependent, despoiler and irrational illusionist." If the sheriff has him sized up correctly, Thaw would not stay out of trouble long if he were discharged by the Vermont authorities.

A HINT TO THE WATER TOWNS.

The Charlotte Observer recently complained that the railroads had the port of Wilmington bottled up, but now that "circumstances alter cases" that esteemed contemporary seems to assent if not consent for the railroads to keep on bottling up North Carolina's ocean gateway. The Observer's idea about this port's being bottled up so that it was of little or no use to interior points in North Carolina, led us to think that at least one editor in the interior of the State had some conception of the importance of a port to the whole State. However, yesterday's Observer contains this editorial under the caption of "A Hint to the Water Towns":

"In its unanimous suggestion that the Governor accept the compromise proposition of the railroads in the freight rate adjustment, the Corporation Commission regrets its inability to get reductions to Wilmington, Newbern, Washington, Plymouth, Edenton and Elizabeth City, but does not feel that 'it would be just that the whole State be deprived of the substantial reductions offered because these points can not also get reductions, and we believe that the citizens of these cities will be too unselfish and patriotic to make such a demand, but on the contrary, will be glad to see the rest of the State enjoy in part the blessings they have already been enjoying for a long time.' In that view of the matter there is food for thought. These coast towns have had the advantage of water rate competition for years. They are pretty well off as it is and they should make no objection to the remainder of the State taking full advantage of whatever opportunity to help itself that may develop. The water points should take the generous, unselfish view of the situation."

The Observer's hint to the water towns is for them to submit and consent to be bottled up by the latest compromise of freight rates offered by the railroads. We can't believe our esteemed contemporary offers its hint in seriousness, for it would be surrendering to the demand of the railroads that North Carolina shall not have the benefit of water transportation like Virginia is getting it from unhampered ocean traffic. After The Observer proclaimed the fact that the port of Wilmington was bottled up, it animadverted upon Wilmington's loyalty to the State-wide fight for just freight rates. Time has proven the loyalty of Wilmington and it goes to Raleigh without showing any white feather, but having remained true to the cause for just freight rates all over North Carolina, The Observer now seems willing to abandon the water towns to the railroads. Who's disloyal now?

The Observer reasons that "these coast towns have had the advantage of water competition for years." So they have in some particulars, but in others the coast towns have been as outrageously discriminated against as interior towns. If the port is "bottled up" it is easy to see how that is possible. So far as the port of Wilmington is concerned, ocean traffic gives her an advantage, but so far as Charlotte is concerned the port is completely bottled up against her, as well as to the disadvantage of the entire State of North Carolina. Just why Charlotte and the balance of the State want to stand for that any longer is past our humble comprehension. Then again, The Observer put up this plea to the water towns:

"They are pretty well off as it is and they should make no objection to the remainder of the State taking full advantage of whatever opportunity to help itself that may develop. The water points should take the generous, unselfish view of the situation."

Of course, the water towns are "pretty well off" in a way, but it must not be presumed that they are standing in the way of relief for interior points. On the contrary, the water points are standing for the broad proposition that the entire State of North Carolina should get the benefit of her ports without any "ifs" or "ands" on the part of the railroads. The State, not for the benefit of Wilmington, but for all of North Carolina, should see that its ports are unbottled unless it prefers to still be regarded as "a strip of land between Virginia and South Carolina."

Wilmington can stand it if North Carolina can, but we can say that North Carolina ought not to stand it if her people the least bit understand the use, advantage and importance of a deep water port. The State does not have to accept a compromise that will bind her to consent to the bottling up of her port. She has the remedy in her own hands if the Legislature will act on the rights of the State conceded in the decisions of the United States Supreme Court and the Inter-State Commerce Commission.

North Carolina has never yet waked up to the importance of getting herself a deep water port. Virginia did long ago, with the result that she's got North Carolina howling about freight rate discrimination. With all that, interior Carolina has not yet tumbled to the racket that Virgina's advantage in freight rates is because she has a deep water port at Norfolk. Why do not the people of North Carolina stick a coupling pin at this point and demand that she should be conceded the use of her ports instead of consenting to be denied the advantage of them by any power, much less the railroads? A State policy that would tolerate the bottling up of her ports, would be unworthy of the State when it has the remedy in is own hands. It would show a lack of wisdom and prove that the State does not know what a port is for, although Virginia and South Carolina seem to know all right.

THE ROAD TO WILMINGTON BEACH.

Recently the Wilmington Beach Corporation and the New Hanover Transit Company proposed to the Board of Commissioners of New Hanover county to donate $1,000 a mile towards the construction of a modern highway from the Federal Point macadam road to Carolina Beach and the Wilmington Beach development adjoining it. That is such a liberal proposition, and the project is so meritorious, The Star hopes the commissioners can see their way clear to accept it.

The proposed new road would be nine miles in length, extending from the six mile post on the Federal Point road to the two beaches named. It is estimated that the cost of building the road would be $3,000 per mile, or $27,000. Of that the two companies interested in developing the beaches would contribute $9,000, leaving to the county the expenditure of $18,000 as its part. The two companies which propose to contribute $9,000 towards the road, make it contingent upon the completion of the highway within 12 months, and we understand that but for such stipulation the commissioners are very much inclined to the proposition.

Only a matter of finances should deter the commissioners from accepting the proposition, for the road can easily be rushed to completion in a whole year. We would like to see one road built on good time, and here is a chance for the commissioners to do it and get the credit. It is understood that the commissioners intend to build the road anyway, and we should say that now is the time to build it when a contribution of $9,000 is in sight. We don't know of any public improvement that would be of more benefit to Wilmington and the county. The seaside resorts are among Wilmington's biggest assets and anything to develop them would add to the constantly increasing number of visitors who pour into Wilmington during the otherwise dull Summer months.

It is estimated that at least 60,000 visitors came to the seaside his Summer, and everybody ought to know what that means to the business of this city in mid-Summer. If we could induce only 10,000 more visitors to come here during the Summer it would be money well expended. Most cities would give more than that if they could attract 5,000 visitors once a year.

The commissioners should give earnest consideration to the beach road proposition, for it would be a big thing for Wilmington.

CAN JUSTICE BE BLINDED?

If a man is innocent he ought to face the courts absolutely without fear, unless they can be swayed by perjurers or corruption. When the courts can be controlled to convict a man or impeach him, the day of revolution is not far away.

We can't believe there is ground for believing that a conspiracy to railroad Governor Sulzer to impeachment can get by the courts. The courts protect the innocent as well as punish the guilty, but it would be a pitiable country if it were so decadent that its courts could not be trusted for justice and equity. Not being able to conceive that this country is yet in any such condition, we take no stock in what seems to be widespread belief that Governor Sulzer is going to be impeached whether or not he is guilty of high crimes and misdemeanors. However, the people will be better able to judge by following the impeachment trial and considering the evidence, the law and the facts. We shall see what we shall see. Can justice be blinded? We think not.

Harry Thaw thinks his lawyers have been talking too much. He accuses them of "leaking" and has strenuously given them to understand that hereafter he will do all the talking that may be necessary. If Harry is going to do the talking to the newspaper men, it may be an easy matter for Jerome to prove that Thaw is still nutty according to conversational evidence furnished by himself.

CURRENT COMMENT.

The Wilmington Star has a dessertation upon the fact that woman discovered radium and makes a great to do about it being high proof of woman's capability as a discoverer. Women as discoverers are not new and there are millions of them. If The Star paragrapher don't believe this let him go home with a long, off-colored hair on his coat (if he be married) and see if the self same hair is not discovered instanter.—Waycross Herald.

An agreement has just been reached between Canadian and American capitalists by which 46,000 horsepower of Canadian electricity, developed at the Niagara Falls power plants, will be sold for use on this side of the border, principally for operating trolley lines. Doubtless it will be taxed, intangible as it is. But why should Americans, who have large plants for developing power from Niagara Falls, be forced to buy the Canadian product?—Philadelphia Record.

We gather from the Charlotte papers that the reason a Mecklenburg county man seldom lands an office is because there is always a division among the people. When one man comes out for a job, two or three others bob up—a case where if one dog cannot get the bone he will not let the other dog have it. Mr. Plummer Stewart has been asked to become a candidate for judge, Judge Duls having intimated that he cannot remain on the bench on account of ill health, and we infer he is quite conversant with the local situation, for he announces that he is not going to make a fight for it, but is willing to leave it to a primary, either of the people of the county or the local bar. The usual primary is too expensive and too slow. Why not have a hand primary, a la Tillman?—Greensboro Record.

Today North Carolina should take no step which would "barter away its birthright for a mess of pottage." Its people in mass meeting assembled should be guided by a singleness of purpose to do only those things which will secure full justice, and they should take no step which does not hold in promise the final assurance that North Carolina is to be given such treatment in freight rates as will put it on equality with each and every state. And to this end the plans adopted today by the people in mass meeting assembled should be to hasten the coming of the day when the people of North Carolina can meet all competition with the assurance that in the industrial and commercial life of the world there is for them the open door of opportunity, with no entangling alliances with the railroads to shut that door in their faces. —Raleigh News and Observer.

CARD FROM DR. STILES.

Makes Correction of Certain Rumors As to Plans for the Fall.

To the Editor of The Star:

Returning to the city after an absence on official duty, I find that there are some rumors abroad in regard to certain changes that are planned for the Winter, in connection with the medical inspection of the school children.

One rumor is to the effect that beginning with October 1st, there will be a charge of $2.50 for each examination. This report is without foundation. The inspection will continue to be made without charge.

During the past few weeks ,it has been necessary to decline appointments for more than a hundred children. This is due simply to the fact that all of our time is engaged up to October 1st, when the schools open, and on that date a change will be made in the routine of the work, accommodating our plans at the hospital, to the school sessions in order not to interrupt the work at the schools.

About October 1st, part of the inspection work will be transferred from the Marine Hospital to the school buildings. Five of the substitute school teachers in the city have been engaged to help us in the routine work of taking the names, ages, weights, heigths, etc., of the pupils. We shall visit the different schools in turn and make out the schedules for all of the pupils in each separate room. Part of the medical inspection will be made at that time. After we obtain schedules for all of the school children, we shall then make the rounds again for certain additional points, then the pupils will be brought to the hospital for the final part of the inspection. This plan will enable us to work more rapidly, to interrupt the children less in their studies, to arrange the work more systematically than can be done during vacation, and to keep the children at the hospital only about one hour instead of five hours.

Respectfully,
C. W. STILES.

THE STAR'S NEW HOME.

Congratulations to the Wilmington Star. Yesterday was its 46th anniversary and the beginning of its 93rd volume. The Star grows brighter all the while. Its birthday this time is celebrated by the purchase of a new home.

The Star itself in its issue of yesterday paused to wish the top of the morning to Major W. H. Bernard, the founder of the paper, and who still turns up occasionally at The Star office and "lends a hand." In this felicitation for the Major the press of the State will join cordially.

Editorially and as a purveyor of news The Star measures up to high standards and The News and Observer will always hear of its contemporary's prosperity with satisfaction.—Raleigh News and Observer.

GAMBOA NOMINATED.

Catholic Party Names Man for Presidency of Mexico.

Mexico City, Sept. 24.—Frederico Gamboa, minister of foreign affairs, today was nominated for the Presidency by the Catholic Party Convention. General Eugenie Rascon was nominated for the Vice Presidency. Both candidates are regarded as men of high standing. Senor Gamboa accepted the candidacy.

Frederico Gamboa was a disciple of Ignacio Mariscal, at one time minister to the United States. He was subsecretary of foreign affairs, under Mariscal. Later he became minister to the Netherlands and has recognized ability as a diplomat. He is a writer of some note and is about 50 years of age.

Gen. Eugenie Rascon was minister of war under Provisional President De LaBarra. He served as military commander of the Federal district for a short time and later as Governor of Yucatan. He now is military commander of the district of Oaxaca. He is 65 years of age and has a long military record.

According to a prominent member of the Catholic party the selection of candidates was made with the approval of Gen. Huerta and, therefore, mean the elimination of Huerta as a presidential possibility.

The Catholic party, while supporting the present administration morally and financially, it is explained, realized the futility of endeavoring to continue Gen. Huerta in office in face of opposition on the part of the United States and the consequent inability of the government to borrow money. This attitude was plainly indicated to Gen. Huerta, who was brought to realize its consistency and finally sanctioned the proposed nominations and gave assurances of his support of the ticket. He said that he would not be the candidate of any other party or faction.

The efforts of the Catholic party, it is said, have been directed at the selection of men who would be acceptable to the United States. The choice fell upon Senor Gamboa, for the reason that he has not been prominently identified with any political party, while it is believed that he will have the confidence of Liberals as well as Catholics, and upon Gen. Rascon, who is regarded as a desirable running mate for similar reasons.

He has always been an army man and has mixed little in politics. He was a friend of Porfirio Diaz and was Madero's choice for war minister in De LaBarra's cabinet. Since then he has received proof of confidence on the part of the present administration. The nominations are of unusual importance because the Catholic party is the only political party having a far-reaching organization. Its ramifications extend practically to every village and hamlet in the republic.

TENNESSEE ASSEMBLY HOT.

Adjourned Yesterday Almost in Riot Over Law Enforcement.

Nashville, Tenn., Sept. 24.—Serious trouble was probably averted in the House of Representatives late today when Representative A. L. Todd, of Rutherford county, by a conciliatory address quieted angry members after Speaker Stanton had declared the House adjourned without a roll call.

Representative McDade made a written motion that the House set the so-called law enforcement bills for a special order at 6 o'clock. Representative Wilson moved to adjourn.

"Those in favor say aye, those opposed no. The House is adjourned," ruled the Speaker without taking a vote.

This action precipitated an uproar. Representative McDade advanced toward the Speaker and Senator Fisher, who was on the stand, stepped between the two men. Speaker Stanton hurried from the hall, and Mr. McDade assumed the gavel.

An appeal from the dicision of Speaker Stanton regarding adjournment was taken with Representative McDade in the chair, but was lost on account of the absence of a quorum. The sergeant-at-arms was dispatched in search of Speaker Stanton, and failing to find him, the House after 15 minutes' wait, adjourned. During the uproar it is said weapons were drawn.

FREE COOKING SCHOOL
ALL THIS WEEK
By the Great Chef—Prof. Wulff
A great opportunity for the ladies. Everything cooked is served FREE! Come if you intend to buy or not, and we want you to bring your friend.

All Copper Reservoir—Heats Like a Tea Kettle
Be Sure To Note This Feature When Ordering a Range
Look at the Majestic All Copper Removable Reservoir. It heats like a tea kettle by means of a copper pocket (drawn from one piece of copper) setting against the left hand lining of fire box. Boils 15 gallons of water in a jiffy—simply turning a lever moves frame and reservoir away from fire. This is a patented feature which can only be used in the
Great Majestic Malleable and Charcoal Iron Range
Body Lined With Pure Asbestos Board
A Perfect Baker—A Fuel Saver
Put together with rivets—joints absolutely tight, no heat escapes, no cold air enters. Body lined with pure asbestos board, covered with iron grate—you can see it—insuring a dependable baking heat with half the fuel required in ordinary ranges.
ONLY range made of malleable iron and charcoal iron. Charcoal iron WON'T RUST LIKE STEEL—malleable iron can't break. Outwears Three Ordinary Ranges.
Contains greatest improvement ever put in a range—increasing strength and wear of a Great Majestic more than 300 per cent at a point where other ranges are weakest—many other exclusive features. If you would be absolutely sure of complete satisfaction—don't buy from printed descriptions—see the Great Majestic, compare it point for point, with any other range. We can furnish any style or size with or without legs.
Don't fail to come in and see them.
We are at your service.
Aluminum Top Reservoir
Carried In Stock and For Sale By
Reservoir Heats Like a Tea Kettle
The Range with a Reputation
Aluminum Top Reservoir
It Should Be In Your Kitchen
N. JACOBI HARDWARE CO.
10 and 12 South Front Street

NOTICE

This is to notify all persons that the undersigned have this day duly qualified as executors of the last will and testament of W. J. Jordan, deceased, and that all persons indebted to the estate of the said W. J. JORDAN are hereby requested to make immediate settlement and all persons having claims against the said estate are requested to present their verified bills to the undersigned on or before the 27th day of AUGUST, 1914, or this notice will be plead in bar of recovery.

J. J. JORDAN, JR.
P. M. GREEN.

BOYS! We've Got 'Em!
The Latest FALL STYLES
IN
Stetson and Walk-Over SHOES
PETERSON & RULFS
"Where the Good Shoes Come From."
202 North Front St.

THE CHAMBER OF COMMERCE

Councilman Chadwick Roasts Commercial Body in Reply to Criticisms—Some Bankers Disgruntled, He Says.

"The Chamber of Commerce of Wilmington is the most antiquated, moth-eaten, moss-covered body in the city of Wilmington today. What has that body ever accomplished that it can criticise others? The Chamber of Commerce is dead, from the top of its head to the tips of its toes."

Thus Councilman D. N. Chadwick, Jr., characterized the Chamber of Commerce yesterday in a statement read to Council in reply to criticisms of the Chamber as to the conduct of the city government. Continuing, Councilman Chadwick said:

"If the Chamber of Commerce was alive we would have municipal docks today. The eyes of the State of North Carolina are upon Wilmington today in this rate controversy. Instead of going to the railroads and the Corporation Commission for lower freight rates, the solution of the whole problem lies right here in Wilmington, and is to make Wilmington a rate-basing port. By putting on additional boat lines and by competition, they could force the railroads to give us the same rates as Norfolk and Charleston enjoy. If the Chamber of Commerce of this city, provided it is not too dead, will raise between $30,000 and $50,000 of stock in a boat line, every city of the State of North Carolina will be glad to come in and take stock in such an enterprise, and this plan, and this plan only, will give them lower rates that will be satisfactory. If they will subscribe this much stock and if they will lend their moral support I will agree, for the Fidelity Trust & Development Company, that if they want us to organize this company, we will organize it in six months for a capital stock of at least half a million dollars, and will have it a going concern in one year. Charlotte, N. C., has already promised that if the city of Wilmington will come in, it will raise practically the same amount as this city. When all shippers throughout the State give such a proposition their encouragement and their business, you will get the freight rates which you are now asking the railroads for in vain. This is not idle talk but facts.

Exhorts the Chamber to "Get Busy."

"Now, if the Chamber of Commerce will simply get busy themselves and try to accomplish something, and not criticise, they will be able to do a great deal of good for the city of Wilmington. If the Chamber of Commerce is open to criticism, instead of having a $1,200 or $1,500 secretary, if they will get one and pay him four or five thousand a year and re-organize, then the Chamber of Commerce will be of some benefit to the city of Wilmington.

"Let the Chamber of Commerce take the mote out of its own eye and get busy."

Raps "Some of the Bankers."

In addition to paying his respects to the Chamber of Commerce, Councilman Chadwick paid a few to "some of the bankers," declaring that the mainspring behind the criticism of Council and the demand for a concurrent board was "that some of the bankers of the city of Wilmington have not been able to have their say-so;" and he furthermore declared that if Wilmington wants to achieve ideal government, eliminate abuses, curtail expenditures and run on business principles, she should have a business manager with a board of directors to check him up. Such a manager, he said, at a salary of $8,000 or $10,000 a year, could save the city thousands and thousands of dollars.

In his opening remarks, Mr. Chadwick observed that the Chamber of Commerce had charged Councilmen with being young and inexperienced and extravagant. As for the crime of being young, he thought the city would be much better off if it had a few more young men of the right calibre; as for being inexperienced in business, speaking for himself, he declared that his company, of which he is secretary and treasurer and an active member, handled last year over $50,000 more than the city itself; and as for extravagance, only a "blanket charge" had been made, nothing specific being said, whereupon Mr. Chadwick went into a review of the state of municipal finances, saying:

The City Finances.

"At the commencement of the present fiscal year, June 1st, there was an actual deficit in the city treasury of $13,000, the expenses of the previous year having exceeded the income by that sum. In round figures the income for the previous year, including a balance left over, was $269,000, as against an expenditure of $282,000. No Board of Audit and Finance was requested on this account.

"The previous Council made contracts and incurred indebtedness for the present Council to meet, as follows:

Notes due in bank	$35,000
Incinerator	8,000
Mocumber's Ditch	5,000
Sewer bond, due Oct. 1st	5,000
Notes for fire autos and police alarm	5,750
Total	$57,250

"It is true that some of these items are in the nature of investments, but payment must be provided for, regardless of that.

"The present Council has levied a tax rate of $2 per $100, calculated to produce, based on the last valuation, some $260,000. Deducting the $57,250, above named, and taking into consideration some $11,000 additional interest charges, for which this Council is not responsible and had no power to evade, one-fourth of the ad valorem income of the city was contracted to be spent before this Council was elected. It will be easily seen that but for the legacy left us from the last administration there would have been no necessity of an increase of the tax rate.

"It should also be remembered that the actual operating expenses of the city have undergone very little increase—the excess payments that have caused increase of tax rate have been due to investments—water and sewerage plants, incinerator, buildings, permanent street improvements.

"The operating cost provided for in the budget of 1912 was $167,440; for 1913, $186,602; for 1914, $185,394. Of the difference between $167,440 for 1912, and $185,394 for 1914, amounting to $18,000, $15,000 is accounted for in the appropriation for the health department, $1,500 in the appropriation for hospitals, and $5,000 in the appropriation for streets and wharves, the difference being accounted for in savings in other deartments, and yet they say we are extravagant.

"The Real Reason."

"The real reason is that some of the bankers of the city of Wilmington have not been able to have their say-so. When the new administration came in we were face to face with

(Continued on Page Six.)

RUINOUS TO WATER POINTS

Railroads' Proposal Means Commercial Extinguishment of This Section, Says Mr. Taylor, in Reply to Mr. Travis.

On account of illness in his family Mr. J. Allan Taylor, chairman of the committee that went to Raleigh yesterday, was unable to attend the conference held there yesterday, but expects to go later. Mr. Taylor when asked yesterday what he thought of the statement of Mr. E. L. Travis, chairman of the State Corporation Commission, that criticism of the last proposal of the railroads proceeds either from ignorance or from a misconception of the subject, said:

"The proposal in question, (a) extends to western and north-northeastern parts of the State, like reductions made to other parts of the State in the former proposal of the railroads, (b) makes reductions from a larger area of western territory, (c) reductions from eastern territory, and (d) reductions on outbound freight. But the concessions in eastern rates are made contingent on connecting lines concurring, so that as respects these latter rates the proposition is not in tangible form, but what is worse, the proposal is coupled with the condition that the State shall desist from all effort to obtain further reductions in inter-State rates for a period of two years, which would operate as an estoppel to the State's seeking relief for water points in a separate action before the Inter-State Commerce Commission. From this it will be seen that the proposal not only carries absolutely no present relief to water points, which would be thrown out of alignment by the proposed adjustment, but binds the State for a period of two years to undertake absolutely no relief for tidewater North Carolina.

"The railroads have consistently and persistently contended that if substantial reductions were made in inter-State rates to North Carolina territory it would mean that re-adjustment of local rates from the Virginia gateways on the same basis would be inevitable, and as respects eastern local rates Mr. Travis has made the same contention himself. The principle of reduction in local rates applies equally on western and eastern traffic.

"The sum of the matter is that reductions in both through and local rates would leave interior North Carolina unchanged in its relation to the Virginia gateways, and would be absolutely no advantage to distributing points, while the effect would be hopelessly ruinous to the water points in the State. In view of such a situation it is brazen impudence to express it mildly, for the chairman of the North Carolina Corporation Commission to say that the patriotism of Eastern Carolina demands the acceptance of an adjustment that means the commercial extinguishment of this section while giving interior points nothing better than fanciful benefits."

Mr. J. G. McCormick acted as chairman of the committee yesterday in the absence of Mr. Taylor. The committee expects to return this morning. Mr. Taylor as soon as he feels that he can leave home will go to Raleigh, and take a hand in the fight which he believes is of the greatest importance to this section. In view of Mr. Travis' past position on the question of freight rates Mr. Taylor says that he has been greatly surprised to see him take the stand that he has in regard to the railroads' latest proposal, which, Mr. Taylor states, is largely the work of the chairman of the Corporation Commission himself.

SWIFT DIVORCE CASE.

Likely to be Aired Again in Atlanta. Woman Known Here.

Friends in this city of Mrs. Jacque Bradley Swift, of Atlanta, Ga., who visited Wrightsville Beach the past Summer, will be interested in the following from yesterday's Atlanta Georgian:

"The famous Jacque Bradley-Tom Swift divorce suit, in which Mrs. Swift obtained freedom from her husband three years ago, probably will be aired in the courts again following the filing of notice of a restraining order by Attorneys Hill and Wright, representing Swift.

"Just what is the nature of the restraining order is being carefully guarded. But it is understood to involve the custody of the Swift child, a little girl three years old, who was awarded to the mother.

"This child, according to Attorney Hill, is in the legal custody of the former Mrs. Swift, although in the temporary possession of Mr. Swift. The mother is said to be quite ill at her home in Atlanta.

"Chas. T. Swift, the petitioner in the probable suit, is the son of Mrs. Lena Swift Huntley, of Peachtree and 15th streets, who is said to be worth several millions of dollars.

"Jacque Bradley, his divorced wife, formerly starred in several theatrical companies which have visited Atlanta, including the Little Chip and Mary Marble company. She has been ill in Atlanta a long time."

Girl's Sad Plight.

A young woman who came to the city with a vaudeville troupe about three weeks ago, and who remained in the city when her company left, was arrested yesterday afternoon by Constable Davis, on a warrant sworn out by Mr. H. Mack Godwin before Justice Harriss, charging her with vagrancy. She was recognized for her appearance this afternoon, but provision has been made, it is understood, for her transportation to Boston, where her home is said to be, and it is not supposed that she will appear to answer the charge.

Talking State Law.

Mr. Will Corbett, of Ivanhoe, was in the city yesterday on business. He stated that the people of his community were taking much interest in the proposed State-wide stock law and would send a large delegation to Raleigh next week when the matter is to be given consideration. Sentiment in that county is divided, it is said, and it is reported that Mr. B. F. Keith, of this city, who has advocated stock law in season and out, is made an issue in the fight, and he is discussed about as widely as the proposed measure itself.

Belgrade, Servia, Sept. 23. — The Servian fortifications of the town of Dibra, Albania, were captured today by a force of 20,000 well-armed Albanians, according to a report received here. Servian reinforcements were hastily despatched to the assistance of the garrison.

San Francisco, Sept. 23.—Mable Hopkins Quinn, granddaughter of the late Mark Hopkins, a pioneer railroad builder and founder of the Mark Hopkins Art Institute in this city, obtained a divorce today from Charles J. Quinn, a Louisville turfman. The charge was extreme cruelty.

SUNDAY SCHOOL CONVENTION

Inter-Denominational Association of Brunswick County Held Annual Meeting at Winnabow Yesterday—Particulars.

The annual meeting of the Inter-Denominational Sunday School Association of Brunswick county was held at New Hope church, near Winnabow, yesterday. It was attended by representatives of a majority of the Sunday Schools of the county. The principal address of the day was made by Hon. J. A. Brown, of Chadbourn, president of the State Sunday School Association. An enjoyable feature was a splendid dinner served on the grounds.

E. H. Cranmer, Esq., of Southport, was elected president for the ensuing year, and Miss May Ward, of Suburb, secretary and treasurer. All the other officers were re-elected. The next convention will be held next September with the Concord church Sunday School at Supply.

The convention was opened with devotional exercises after which the address of welcome was made by Mrs. D. L. Henry. The response was made by Mr. Guilford Sellars, of Suburb. Following these exercises was the roll call of Sunday Schools which showed a large part of them were represented. Two new Sunday Schools were enrolled as members of the association. The reports of the county officers showed that greater interest is being taken in the work of the Sunday Schools in the various sections of the county.

After the reading of the reports Hon. J. A. Brown, of Chadbourn, was introduced, and made a helpful and inspiring address on the importance of organization in the Sunday Schools. He showed how organization is the keynote in all business enterprises of the present time, and he thought that it was time that the wisdom applied to business affairs should also be used in Sunday School and church work.

At the noon recess there was served one of those famous Brunswick dinners. There was enough for all, and some to spare.

At the afternoon session there was a conference of Sunday School officers conducted by Rev. S. L. Lupton, of Town Creek. Every phase of Sunday School work was discussed.

An especially enjoyable part of the programme was the splendid music. Mrs. D. L. Henry was the organist, and Mr. Stedman McKeithan accompanied her with the violin in several beautiful selections. The meeting was a most successful one from every point of view.

RETURNS FROM ATLANTA.

Conference With Atlanta Capitalists Regarding Wilmington Hotel.

Mr. R. S. Motte, of the Fidelity Trust & Development Company, returned yesterday from Atlanta, Ga., where he spent two weeks conferring with a syndicate of financiers of that city in regard to the $200,000 fireproof hotel which it is proposed to erect at Wilmington Beach. A representative of the syndicate spent some time in Wilmington the first of the month looking over the proposition, and it is understood that he was very favorably impressed with it.

Mr. Motte arranged for a final visit of the Atlanta capitalists on October 10th, when he hopes to complete arrangements with them for beginning work on the hotel not later than December 1st. It is expected to have it finished by the beginning of the next season. They have associated with them one of the biggest and most experienced hotel men of New York City, and he will be here with them for a conference on October 10th.

The hotel will be built of concrete, and will be thoroughly modern in every respect. It will be absolutely fireproof and will be fitted up in latest style. It is the purpose of the Atlanta gentlemen to make it an all-year-round tourist hotel. With the ideal location on Wilmington Beach it should be a paying proposition from the start.

SAD FUNERAL SERVICES.

Obsequies of Mr. D. Archie Bulluck From Grace Church Yesterday.

The funeral of Mr. D. Archie Bulluck, whose death occurred at the family home in this city Tuesday night, was held yesterday afternoon at 4 o'clock from Grace Methodist church, conducted by his pastor, Rev. J. D. Bundy, assisted by Rev. Dr. R. C. Beaman, of Durham; Rev. G. T. Adams, pastor of Fifth Street Methodist church, and Rev. Dr. A. D. McClure, pastor of St. Andrew's Presbyterian church. The services were attended by a large concourse of friends.

A quartette composed of Mrs. J. D. Edwards, Mrs. F. A. Muse and Messrs. Chas. Dushan and A. G. Bowden sang several songs at the church and the grave. The interment was in Oakdale cemetery. The grave was banked with a profusion of floral designs.

The pall-bearers were as follows: Honorary, Messrs. C. C. Covington, N. E. Bunting, H. E. Fentress, William Nicstle and Capt. Edgar Hart; active, Messrs. H. E. O'Keefe, E. H. Munson, James N. Northam, James F. Post, Jr., H. G. Foard and Henry Heyer.

ASKS FOR $100,000.

Complaint Filed Yesterday in Suit Against Tidewater Power Co.

Complaint was filed in Superior Court yesterday in the case brought by Mr. Edward Schulken, administrator, against the Tidewater Power Company for the killing of Miss Ethel Bostick, who lost her life by being run down by a suburban freight car near Winter Park Gardens a few weeks ago. The plaintiff is suing for $100,000 damages. L. Clayton Grant, Esq., represents the plaintiff, while Davis & Davis appear for the defendant company. They will file answer shortly, it is expected.

Didn't Have Any Chickens.

Alfred McFarland, colored, was arrested yesterday afternoon on a warrant sworn out by Mr. G. P. Lay, charging him with getting money under false pretenses. McFarland, it is alleged, represented that he had chickens and produce in the express office but was unable to get them out because of lack of money. He secured the money from Mr. Lay, it is claimed, but failed to show up with the chickens. He was placed under a bond of $100 for his appearance before Justice Harriss today.

Court House Will be Painted.

At the last meeting of the Board of County Commissioners Mr. L. W. Moore, a member of the board, was authorized to award the contract for repainting the building, and in accordance with this authority he yesterday gave the contract to Mr. J. S. Canady, whose bid for the work was $1,561. The building after having been repaired will be painted in all places where paint, varnish or decorations of any kind are used.

COUNCIL HAS ITS INNING

Municipal Body Makes Answer to Strictures Placed Upon It by the Chamber of Commerce. Methods Exposed.

Following the verbal lambasting it received last Friday at the hands of the Chamber of Commerce for alleged inefficiency and extravagance, the City Council had its inniny at the rebular weekly meeting of that body yesterday morning. Honors now seem to be about evenly divided between the two bodies, for as severe as was the criticism heaped upon the municipal board by the commercial body it was no harsher than the strictures placed upon the latter in a prepared statement submitted yesterday by Councilman Chadwick and in the remarks of other members of that body.

Members of Council showed their fighting spirit and gave the commercial body a neat trimming, from the standpoint of the municipal board. What is more, they say that they are prepared for further attacks from the same quarter and will not only answer the sarcastic arraignment of the Council, but will meet criticism with criticism, holding that the municipal body is not the only organization that has made mistakes and has failed to make as great progress as all would desire be made.

Unable in the Chamber of Commerce to stem the tide against the Council, Mr. H. deW. Rapalje, an active member of that organization, followed the controversy on to the municipal body, where yesterday morning he made a strong talk in support of the Council and gave an expose of the methods of transacting business in the Chamber of Commerce. At the suggestion of Mr. Rapalje the Council adopted the following resolution:

"That it is the opinion of the Council that no legislation affecting the charter of the city of Wilmington should be adopted that does not refer same to the voters of Wilmington for adoption or rejection."

Lay Bare the Methods.

Mr. Rapalje said that the Chamber of Commerce is supposed to represent the opinion of the business community. It is supposed to be a representative body and the action taken by it is supposed to be representative of the sentiment of the business community. The situation in Wilmington is different, he said. Almost the converse is true. The resolutions adopted by the Chamber represents the idea of a few, painfully few, members of the organization, he said. The method, he said, of the Chamber of Commerce has been to send out postal cards in the evening or place notice in the newspapers, sometimes both, announcing a meeting for the following day. No notice of the purpose of the meeting is given except sometimes in a general way. When the handful who attend arrive there is a speech or two by those who have something to put through and then before the meeting has time to consider the proposition it is put to a vote and adopted. Mr. Rapalje read the resolution adopted by the Chamber last week with regard to a concurrent municipal board. He declared the resolutions were "rammed" through the body like a great many others that are gotten through from time to time without giving the members an opportunity to read and study them. He said that resolutions adopted by the Chamber of Commerce have become the lauyhing stock of the community. The body resolutes but gets no further. Mr. Rapalje felt certain that if a real expression of the sentiment of a majority of the members of the Chamber were had it would be against the resolution adopted last Friday. As a rule this would prove true of a great many of the other resolutions adopted by the body, he said.

Mr. Rapalje said that the Chamber of Commerce had appointed a committee to draft a bill creating a concurrent board to be submitted to the Legislators and suggested that the body adopt a resolution asking that if there is any change in the present charter that it be ratified by a vote of the people before it becomes effective. Councilman Loughlin remarked that both Senator Bellamy and Representative Kellum had expressed their unwillingness to introduce and engineer through the Legislature a bill that did not provide for submitting the question to a vote of the people. Later in the meeting the resolution as given above was adopted by the Council.

Councilman Merritt brought out the fact, from questions asked of Mr. Rapalje, that out of a total membership of 250 there were present at the meeting of the Chamber of Commerce Friday only about 60 members. This was in order to show that the action Friday did not represent the entire Chamber by any means. It will be recalled that there were three or four against the resolution, Mr. Rapalje casting one of them.

Councilman Wood thought that the mistake with the plan of government was in the bill because it fails to provide for the whole time of the Councilmen.

Taking the floor a second time, Mr. Rapalje stated that the controlling forces of the Chamber of Commerce had in mind two years ago, when they caused to be adopted a resolution cutting the salaries of the Councilmen, the very thing that has been accomplished, the lowering of efficiency and the discrediting of the present plan of government. It was brought out by Councilman Merritt that the resolutions of last Friday were introduced by Mr. J. Allan Taylor.

Councilman Jones said that it had never before been his pleasure to meet Mr. Rapalje, but that he wanted to thank him most heartily for his democratic remarks and to say that he was glad that Mr. Rapalje had the manhood to come before the board and expose the methods by which resolutions are rushed through the Chamber of Commerce, this one particularly.

Sentiment of Council.

Voicing the sentiment of every member of the Council, Councilman Chadwick read to the body a carefully prepared statement in answer to the strictures that had been placed upon the body by the Chamber of Commerce and also took to task the commercial body for failure to be of benefit to the city of Wilmington. The statement, which was read by Councilman Chadwick is given in another column of the paper.

Upon motion of Councilman Merritt a vote of thanks was extended to Councilman Chadwick for his clear statement of the situation from the Council's standpoint. He said that Councilman Chadwick "had answered in defense of the Council and had done it well."

Fearing, as he said, that he might be misquoted or misunderstood, Councilman Jones reduced to writing some observations he had to make on the situation, as follows:

"I have not given any thought to the criticisms made at the Chamber of Commerce meeting, for the reason that the statements and suggestions made by some of the speakers, especially the remarks of Messrs. Taylor and Hall, do not, in my opinion, represent the sentiment of that body. This is true, although Mr. Taylor is the moving spirit and general director of that organization. The remarks attributed to Mr. Hall, to the effect that the people of Wilmington are incompetent to govern themselves, are not only preposterous, but indicate that he is a man of small calibre himself.

"The trend of their argument seems to be that only men engaged in some business pursuit, or who have acquired considerable fortunes are competent to govern a city. The fallacy of this argument is apparent from the fact that the biggest blunders ever made in the government of Wilmington have been done by successful business men who have been members of the Board of Aldermen or Board of Council.

"Business ability is no evidence of ability to run municipal affairs, nor does the capacity to make money indicate even average intelligence. The ability to make money merely indicates singleness of purpose in the individual, rather than breadth of intellect. As the charge that the members of the present Council are incompetent is nothing but a broadside allegation, there is nothing in the charges to answer. The suggestion that we need a Board of Audit and Finance is preposterous, for the reason that the money that has been expended, whether judiciously or not, has already been done by the last Council and former Boards of Aldermen, and the assistance the present Council needs is some suggestions as to how to meet deficits and obligations created by former administrations.

"Not having evidence sufficient to convict, Judge Rountree reserved his decision as to the competency of the present Council, but criticised our fight upon the health department. No member of Council has fought the health department, but several members have endeavored to protect the interests of the citizens of Wilmington. Almost everybody now agrees with us that some changes in health measures are necessary. Speaking for myself, I am not representing the Chamber of Commerce, or any other body of individuals, and my aim is to represent our citizens as a whole, without being hampered or dictated to by anyone, hence I am not surprised at the criticisms which have been forthcoming."

Councilman Merritt said that he had in mind saying something, but the ground had been fully covered by Councilman Chadwick. He said that he could not see how a Board of Audit and Finance would help matters any but if such a board could pay off the indebtedness of the city and provide funds by which the improvements, including street work, could be carried on, he was in favor of the "second chamber." Councilman Wood said he wanted to go on record as against a Board of Audit and Finance unless the people approved it at the polls. The idea, he said, of a few men in the Chamber of Commerce is to have certain persons appointed to a place on the proposed new board.

Councilman Merritt here interposed a sarcastic remark to the effect that "they are the people, Mr. Wood."

"Yes, I know," said Councilman Wood, "that is what they think." Councilman Wood said that he could recall numerous mistakes made by the old Board of Audit and Finance, one was the purchase of the waterworks plant at $65,000 more than it was actually worth, he said.

Apparently the Council felt that it had done a good morning's work at the conclusion of all the remarks on the action of the Chamber of Commerce, and congratulated each other upon the wise things that were said in rebuttal of the charges brought by the commercial body.

Real Estate Transfers.

Deeds were filed for record yesterday as follows: Henry E. Bonitz and wife to John P. Greene and wife, for $1,000 and other considerations, lot on Wrightsville Beach; W. M. Cumming and wife to Elijah A. Chadwick, for $1,500, lot on northwest corner of McRae and Nixon streets, 66x69 feet in size: Solomon Sternberger and wife to Henry C. Bear, for $100 and other considerations, lot on southwest corner of 15th and Ann streets.

DIAMOND PIN STOLEN.

Recovered by Special Officers H. Mack Godwin and L. W. Tyndall.

Monday night a man, whose name was not given by those who have the matter in charge, lost a diamond pin. He notified the police and also some special officers, among these being H. Mack Godwin and L. W. Tyndall. The pin, valued at about $100, it is stated, was recovered yesterday by the special officers. In connection with the investigations two women, Mrs. Lula Coates and Mrs. Ella Clemmons, who live on 11th street, between Dock and Orange, were arrested on a charge of vagrancy. They were recognized for their appearance before Justice Harriss today.

FUNERAL OF "ED" PEARSALL.

"Sage of Rocky Point" Laid to Rest Yesterday Morning.

Attended by hundreds of loving friends the remains of Mr. E. D. Pearsall, whose death occurred at his home at Rocky Point Tuesday morning, were laid to rest yesterday morning at 11 o'clock in the family burying ground at Pike Creek Presbyterian church near Rocky Point. The funeral was conducted by his pastor, Rev. T. G. Vickers.

—Thos. Wall, colored, charged with getting $35 from Prease Bros., under false pretenses, was not tried yesterday before Justice Fowler on account of the absence of witnesses. He will be tried today.

OCTOBER

SUN.	MON.	TUES.	WED.	THUR.	FRI.	SAT.
			1	2		

By depositing your money with this bank on or before the above dates, you will have the interest added to your account in exactly three months from October 1st. Our regular interest quarter begins October 1st, and we will be pleased to have your account.

OLD AND STRONG.

THE PEOPLE'S SAVINGS BANK

Corner Front and Princess Streets

Wednesday and Thursday of Next Week

Last days on which deposits will bear interest from Oct. 1.

We invite you to open an account with us or add to the one you have, and let interest be computed from Oct. 1.

The Wilmington Savings & Trust Co.

—110 Princess St.—

Reversing Things

The usual custom is to mark down, cut prices, sell at a sacrifice at the CLOSE OF THE SEASON—but the Big Store of

Gaylord-Platt Co.

are going to do just the opposite this time.

Among the New Fall Garments purchased we have an extraordinary large line of $17.50 Coat Suits for Ladies that we purchased at a remarkably low price. There are too many of this one grade of Coat Suit for us to carry. Therefore, we are going to make the opening price on this line of goods what the closing price usually is.

During this week we will sell 78 of these suits for $11.25.

New Fall Goods, fresh and beautiful, are beginning to flood our store. The ocean steamers are bringing them; the freight trains are rolling them steadily to our doors, and the express companies are pouring them in morning, noon and night.

Come and have a look. You will find it both pleasant and profitable.

Gaylord-Platt Company's

Big Department Store

210, 212, 214 North Front Street

SOCIAL & PERSONAL

Mr. and Mrs. H. B. Maxwell, of Whiteville, were guests last evening at The Orton.

* * *

Miss Gertrude Johnston left yesterday morning for Winston-Salem to enter Salem College.

* * *

Mrs. A. D. McClure returned Tuesday night from an extended visit to relatives in Spartanburg, S. C.

* * *

Mr. and Mrs. Afl H. Powell and Mrs. J. E. Dicks, of Fair Bluff, were in the city last evening, guests at The Orton.

* * *

Dr. and Mrs. J. H. Dreher returned last night from Washington, D. C., Atlantic City and Philadelphia, Pa., where they spent ten days.

* * *

After spending some time at Virginia Beach, Va., Mrs. Henry Cabell Bentley, of Richmond, is the guest of her sister, Mrs. T. A. Wortham, on Chesnut street.

* * *

After two weeks' vacation very pleasantly spent on a motor boat cruise along the coast, Dr. Andrew H. Harriss is again at his home in the city and is much improved in health.

* * *

Dr. and Mrs. J. Arthur Dosher, Dr. Thos. E. Hughes, Misses Leah Weeks, Blanche Newton, Mary Phelps and Miss Fisher and Mrs. Addie B. Jones, of Southport, were among the out-of-town people here to see the Anna Held offering last night at the Academy.

* * *

Mr. J. A. Springer returned Tuesday from a six weeks' vacation spent in Philadelphia, Dansville, N. Y., and other places of interest in the North. Mrs. Springer, who accompanied him, will remain for a few days longer in Philadelphia with relatives and friends.

* * *

Capt. and Mrs. Thos. D. Meares have issued cards for a reception to be given at 5:30 o'clock, Tuesday afternoon, October 27th, 1913, following the marriage of their daughter, Miss Jane Meares to Mr. Eugene Moore Beery. The wedding will take place at their home, No. 408 Market street.

* * *

BRANCH-CRAIG WEDDING EARLY THIS MORNING.

A marriage of interest to many friends in the city will be solemnized this morning at 8 o'clock when Mr. Howard B. Branch and Miss Grace Odell Craig, daughter of Capt. J. W. Craig, will be united in marriage at the home of the bride's father, No. 211 South Sixth street, the officiating minister being Rev. J. D. Bundy, pastor of Grace Street Methodist church.

The ceremony will be witnessed by relatives and a few intimate friends. The attendants will be Misses Lucile and Mary Riley, little Elene McGirt, of this city, and Mr. C. N. Hibberd, of Durham.

Miss Craig, the bride-to-be, is a graduate of Greensboro College for Women, and is a most admirable young lady. Mr. Branch is secretary of the Wilmington Chamber of Commerce. They have a large number of friends here and elsewhere, who will learn of their marriage with the greatest interest and pleasure. After receiving the happy felicitations of those present at the ceremony they will leave on the 8:30 o'clock Northbound train for a bridal tour of about ten days, and upon their return will make their home in this city.

Miss Myrtle Branch, of Richmond, Va., a sister of Mr. Branch, arrived yesterday to be present at the ceremony.

PERSONAL PARAGRAPHS.

—Mr. J. W. Wooten, of Jacksonville, was in the city yesterday.

—Mr. H. L. Beck, of Holly Ridge, was a visitor yesterday.

—Mr. Jno. T. Rivers, of Polkton, was a guest at The Orton yesterday.

—Mr. P. J. Benson, of Benson, was a guest yesterday at The Orton.

—Mr. P. O. Leggett, of Southport, was in the city yesterday.

—Mr. W. Q. Jefford, of Florence, S. C., was among yesterday's visitors in the city.

—Mr. Alex. L. Blow, clerk of the Federal Court in the Eastern North Carolina district, arrived from Raleigh yesterday.

—Mr. Alf. H. Yopp returned yesterday morning from Augusta, Ga., where he visited his sister, Mrs. Austin Best. While there he was also on the sad mission of attending the funeral of his uncle, Mr. J. W. Brown, whose death was announced in yesterday's paper.

—Mr. John Haar, Register of Deeds, and Mr. Cyrus D. Hogue, Deputy Clerk of Superior Court, were summoned to Burgaw yesterday as witnesses in a civil action on trial in Pender Superior Court. They carried with them certain records from their respective offices.

LOCAL DOTS.

—Mrs. Mary Gurganus yesterday entered a submission before Justice Bornemann to assaulting James Jackson, a colored boy. She was taxed with the costs.

—Pet Willis, colored, was arrested yesterday by Special Officer L. W. Tyndall on a charge of assaulting Mary McDuffy, colored. He was recognized by Justice Harriss for his appearance before him today for trial.

—A horse hitched to a wagon belonging to the Royal Baking Co., ran away yesterday at 17th and Market streets with the result that the wagon was almost completely demolished. Yesterday was the first time that the horse had ever been hitched to a wagon, it is said.

NEW JERSEY NOMINEES.

President's Supporters Name Their Man as Candidtes.

Newark, N. J., Sept. 24.—Supporters of President Wilson nominated their candidate for Governor at the New Jersey primaries yesterday, carrying every county in the State, with the exception of Mercer and Essex. Fielder's majority in the State was estimated at 20,000.

In Essex the Smith-Nugent assembly was nominated over the Wilson men, and James R. Nugent was returned to the Democratic State committee by a majority estimated at 4,000.

Everett Colby, father of the New Idea faction of the Republican party, which later became the Progressive party in the State, won by 2,500 over Edmund B. Osborne, of Montclair, in the gubernatorial nomination contest in the Progressive party. The Progressive vote was extremely light, influenced by a court ruling that voters who participated in the Democratic or Republican primaries last year were ineligible to vote in the Progressive primaries this year.

In the Republican primaries Edward C. Stokes, former Governor, was an easy winner over his three opponents.

THE CHAMBER OF COMMERCE

(Continued from Page Five.)

this problem. The bankers here, or at least some of them, practically refused to lend the city a cent. We did not have to beg them, as we were able to obtain $200,000 away from here. That is the real reason why they are asking for a Board of Audit and Finance, it being their idea, if possible, to repudiate this administration at its beginning.

"Could a Board of Audit and Finance, by any financial hocus-pocus, reduce an overhead debt on bond issues of $90,000?

"There was some mention of conditions of the city in 1897 and 1898. The city tax rate in 1897 and 1898 under what they were pleased to call 'the best body of aldermen the city has ever had,' amounted to $1.50 and they had a bonded indebtedness of only $684,000, whereas we are today facing a bonded indebtedness of over $1,684,000, on which interest has to be paid. In addition to this, the body of aldermen had over $35,000 as income from liquor taxes, which it is true they spent on the streets, but nevertheless they had the use of it. In 1897 the city of Wilmington was little more than a town and everybody was ashamed of it, and it was one of the most unhealthy places in the State. today, with a tax rate of only fifty cents on the hundred higher, under forced circumstances, we have a city with wonderful possibilities, beautiful streets, well lighted, with splendid health conditions, and next year we can have this down to $1.75 or 25 cents a hundred less. We have a plant today that inventories at $1,717,166.49, as follows:

Fire apparatus	$ 34,000
Fire alarm system	12,000
Street department	10,000
Library	6,500
Police call system	8,065
Sanitary	2,900
Police department	2,000
Furniture and fixtures, City Hall	2,625
City Engineer's office	375
Water department	325
Permanent street improvements	784,835
Waterworks plant	418,656
City Hall	150,000
Fire department stations	40,000
Markets	60,000
City stables	15,187
Sewerage system	169,695

"Every good business man knows that assets offset liabilities.

"The city of Asheville's tax rate is, city, $1.55; county, 95 cents, making a total of $2.50 on the hundred, and the assessed valuation is 60 per cent. Ours, at the present time, under forced conditions, is $3.10, with an assessed valuation of 33 per cent., making our tax rate lower than that of Asheville. Chattanooga's tax rate is $1.65 city, and $1.55 county, making a total of $3.20, and an assessed valuation of 48 per cent., against $3.10, and the assessed valuation of 33 per cent. by the city of Wilmington, and Chattanooga gets a $500 beer license tax. In Richmond, Va., one of the best cities in the entire South, the city and State taxes amount to $1.75, with an assessed valuation of 75 per cent., or over $3.70 on the hundred as compared with ours of $3.10, and Richmond has a liquor revenue of over $95,000. Why doesn't the Chamber of Commerce be fair and go into figures before they make statements? The people of Wilmington are not being taxed higher than other cities, even with, as they claim, 'young and inexperienced men in charge of the public affairs of the city.' If a Board of Audit and Finance will take the budget and cut and prune, they would hardly save over $10,000 and even then they would, to a certain extent, impair the efficiency of the service of the city.

The Sewerage Notes.

"There was some reference made to the $100,000 worth of notes for the extension of the sewerage system. This money will cost the city 6 1-2 per cent. It means 1,500 sewer connections, with water and sewerage charges. Figuring this as low as $12 a year it would make an income of $18,000 per year, against interest of $6,500, making a profit to the city of the difference, to say nothing of making the city more healthy. This, instead of being an act for criticism should redound to the credit of the Council.

"Would the Board of Audit and Finance have gone out, after the banks of the city of Wilmington had practically refused them the money, and gone to the trouble of borrowing it elsewhere? I think not.

"If they want a cure for all these conditions, there is only one way to run a city or a government. The United States government is the worst managed of any corporation in the country. They lose or wilfully spend over $300,000,000 each year more than they should.

Name a General Manager.

"If our Legislature could get the consent of the people to have a general manager take charge of the affairs of the city; eliminate this position from politics; pay such a man from $7,000 to $10,000 a year; have him checked up by a board of directors who are elected by the people and who will not tie his hands too tightly, then and then only will the government be satisfactory. You cannot govern a city like you can a corporation. There are bound to be leaks somewhere, but if the people will submit to a proposition of that kind, then the right kind of manager can save the city thousands and thousands of dollars. What should be done (if they want recommendations) is to have the county and city combined under one man, as outlined above, and then the millenium will be on us.

"The great trouble with the present time, and the cause of the squabbles between the city officials and the county, is that there are differences of opinion between the two bodies and no one to check same up and bring about compromise. This is an unfortunate condition and one that I regret very much. This is where the trouble has lain.

"Perhaps some of us are not popular. Perhaps the city needs to go into the hands of a receiver. As for that matter all cities should take this course, and Wilmington, in the shake-up, would come out much better than the majority of cities which would go into the hands of receivers.

"Judge Rountree says that we are not popular and that the city needs to go into the hands of a receiver, also that he was a very large taxpayer and thus had a right to criticise us, not as a stranger but as a shareholder.

"Judge Rountree is a very fluent as well as a pleasing talker. I venture, however, the assertion that any member of the present Council can beat, for an elective office, any of the gentlemen who made talks at the Chamber of Commerce that day. Judge Rountree's taxes in 1912 amounted to exactly $8.75. If he will go into facts and not make rash statements he will see that instead of the city of Wilmington needing a receiver; it is in a very healthy condition. If he will take time to look up the tax rates of the different cities and will take the per capita revenue for cities of 30,000 people as shown by the census, he will see that the average is $11.58, while the per capita revenue in Wilmington is only $10.15. This all shows that our tax rate is within reason. If he will, also, look up the bonded indebtedness of the city of Wilmington he will see that we are well within the limit and if he will come up to the City Hall and look over the accountants' reports of the city of Wilmington on their last examination, it can readily be shown that the condition of Wilmington financially is very sound indeed.

Board of Audit and Finance.

"Mr. Hall stated that the Board of Audit and Finance should not be elected, as the people were not capable of electing a Board of Audit and Finance. This is a most serious reflection on the intelligence of the citizens of Wilmington and I refuse to believe that Mr. Hall meant this.

"You know, and I know, and everybody in the city of Wilmington knows why they want another board. The present Council is and has always been subservient to no one, doing what they thought was for the best interests of everybody. There is one unfortunate condition that exists in the city of Wilmington today, and that is, the banks of the city wield too much power and this should not be.

"While the present form of government may have its faults, it is such an improvement on the old style that it does not even permit a comparison. Formerly there were so many officials that they got in each other's way, with no one to assume responsibility. The city of Wilmington, in the past three years, has gone forward more than it ever has during its whole career. Today if a question comes up it can be settled at once. Under the old regime it was like an endless chain and this condition we do not want.

"It is every citizen's duty to do all in his power to help and advise with the Council, and I can, for one, assure the public that any suggestions the citizens of Wilmington may have to make will be taken in the very best of good faith."

THE MYSTERIOUS ELLIS.

Murderer Has Exact Double or Else is Not Under Arrest in 'Frisco.

Indianapolis, Ind., Sept. 24.—Working on a theory that Joseph Ellis, who they say murdered Joseph Schlansky, a merchant here Monday, still is in Indianapolis, the entire police force tonight is searching rooming houses and hotels, hoping to find some trace of the man.

Audra Baker Anderson, who believes the Roy Anderson she married last July is Ellis, says that she met the man here and at that time was told he was a chauffeur. This, the police say, if Anderson and Ellis are the same man, leads them to believe that the robber made his home in Indianapolis. Mrs. Anderson, who shot herself when convinced that it was her husband who had killed Schlansky, still is in a critical condition, physicians say.

Either Ellis has an exact double or he is not under arrest in San Francisco, as reported last night, according to the local police.

The photograph of Ellis, or Brokaw, was identified positively by four persons here as the man who killed Schlansky.

Captain of Detectives Holtz was positive in his statement today that the slayer of Schlansky would be captured soon. The local police do not believe the man arrested in San Francisco is Ellis or Brokaw.

The operations of Ellis were similar in all cities he visited. Here he called at the Schlansky store, told him he had some clothing at his room in the hotel which he wanted to sell. Schlansky accompanied him to the room, and it is supposed, resisted the attempt to rob him and was killed. Ellis calmly left the hotel and departed from the city before the alarm was given. In other cities Ellis succeeded in robbing his victims and escaped while they were locked in his room.

Pittsburg, Pa., Sept. 24.—Requisition papers for Brokaw, alias Fred Boley, alias R. White, under arrest in San Francisco and supposed to be the man wanted here for robbery and assault today were sent to Governor Tener at Harrisburg by the police department. A city detective will start for California tomorrow morning, and the papers when signed by Governor Tener will be forwarded to the Governor of the coast State.

Richmond, Va., Sept. 24.—Jocob Ellis, father of Joseph Ellis, this afternoon gave his decision with regard to his son. "Much as I love Joe," he stated, "if he has committed murder, he need not hope for aid from me."

He visited the Associated Press office for the latest news from the West. "I do not know where Joseph is," he said, with helpless gestures. "I have always thought of him as an innocent boy. I cannot believe he is a guilty man."

Mrs. Jacob Ellis has not been told of the charges against her son. The family fear the news will kill her, as her heart is diseased.

Ellis claims ownership of dwelling house and other realty in Los Angeles.

San Francisco, Sept. 24.—The man arrested here Monday in answer to a circular sent out by the Pittsburg police admits he is Fred Brokaw, alias Fred Boley, alias R. White and says he was arrested in Pittsburg in 1910. The picture in the police circular is from a photograph taken then, he said.

Brokaw said today that he would fight extradition. He gave his name as Fred Harold Brokaw, 22 years old, son of Homer Brokaw, now of Tacoma. The prisoner advanced the theory that Ellis, under arrest for the Indianapolis murder, saw the Pittsburg circular noticed that he resembled the photograph and took the name of Brokaw. He said he did not know Ellis.

TRAINMEN'S WAGES.

Employes Conclude Their Testimony Before Federal Board.

New York, Sept. 24.—After offering evidence to show in effect that the increased cost of living for trainmen of the eastern railroads can be met only by the wage increase they demand, the employes today closed their direct testimony before the Federal Board that is arbitrating the trainmen's grievances under the Newlands act. The roads at once began presentation of their rases.

Dr. Frank Warne, statistical expert, was the last witness to testify for the men. Testifying that the employes must have better wages to meet the higher cost of living, Dr. Warne read a paper prepared from reports of the Inter-State Commerce Commission purporting to show that the roads should be able to grant the men's demands, as there has been great gain in passenger and freight revenue during 11 years ending 1911.

Elisha Lee, chairman of the conference committee of managers, in presenting the road's side said:

"We shall endeavor to show that the prevailing wages and conditions of work on the railroads are adequate for all classes of service. We will show that since the increases made by the railroads in 1910 their employes have been paid fairly and liberally. We deny that the conditions on railroads as testified to by the witnesses for the trainmen are typical and characteristic.

PEONAGE ALLEGED.

President Moyer Asks Investigation of Western Mine Strike.

Calumet, Mich., Sept. 24.—The request of President Moyer, of the Western Federation of Miners, today that Senators Borah and Shafroth procure a Federal investigation of the copper miners' strike, accompanied by a charge that peonage laws had been violated by the mine owners, tonight was met by the assertion of managers of the mines that nothing illegal has been done by them in procuring men to take the place of strikers. President Moyer declared that 33 men hired recently by the Quincy Mining Company, were brought to the mines under false representations and held against their will.

According to the mining officials, these men have not been held against their wills, and charges of peonage cannot be sustained. Federation officials allege violation of the contract labor law, and that the men were brought here under false pretenses. They say they have affidavits to this effect.

The Copper Range Consolidated Company today started legal proceedings to evict families of strikers from the company's houses.

WHALEY'S SEAT CONTESTED.

Campaign in First South Carolina District Brought to Congress.

Washington, Sept. 24.—Speaker Clark today received from Mayor John R. Grace, of Charleston, S. C., a petition for an investigation of the election of Representative Richard S. Whaley, of the First South Carolina Congressional District. Mayor Grace's petition makes serious charges of violation of law, among them one that Whaley spent more than $60,000 in the Democratic primaries.

"It is a bald, bold lie, cooked up to hurt my reputation in the House," said Mr. Whaley when told of the charges. "My opponent in the primaries has had nothing to do with this and it originated with the man who managed his campaign."

Lexington, Ky., Sept. 24.—Blondella, dam of the world's champion trotter, Euhlan, today died at the Castleton Stock Farm. Blondella was the property of David M. Look, a millionaire horse breeder of New York, and was one of the most famous bred mares in the country.

Comparative Statement of Budgets of the City of Wilmington for Fiscal Years Ending June 30th, of Each of Years Named:

	1908	1909.	1910.	1911.	1912.	1913.	1914.
General Expenses	$14,140.00	$15,300.00	$14,900.00	$13,620.00	$21,630.00	$23,060.00	$19,660.00
Police	37,002.00	37,489.00	33,567.00	35,850.00	41,420.00	40,632.00	39,015.00
Fire Department	35,030.00	41,430.00	34,630.00	36,030.00	35,240.00	42,010.00	35,730.00
Streets and Wharves	37,632.00	41,116.00	36,530.00	31,229.00	32,551.00	34,351.00	37,636.00
Health Department	6,780.00	6,740.00	5,660.00	4,590.00	8,740.00	14,030.00	23,784.00
Water Service	9,250.00	8,460.00	8,800.00	900.00	.....	.....	.....
Markets	4,735.00	3,005.00	2,430.00	1,970.00	2,170.00	4,700.00	1,750.00
Library	1,700.00	1,700.00	1,400.00	1,700.00	1,700.00	1,700.00	1,700.00
Street Lighting	11,940.00	13,487.00	15,750.00	18,596.00	18,596.00	18,619.00	18,619.00
Hospitals	4,800.00	4,800.00	6,000.00	6,000.00	6,000.00	7,500.00	7,500.00
Contingent Fund	3,200.00	4,300.00	3,300.00	3,100.00	.....	.....	.....
Coupons and Interest	39,755.00	39,300.00	49,975.00	61,000.00	61,000.00	79,000.00	90,000.00
New Buildings	17,000.00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Totals	$223,064.00	$217,127.00	$213,302.00	$214,585.00	$228,447.00	$265,602.00	$275,394.00
Deduct Coupons	$ 39,755.00	39,300.00	49,975.00	61,000.00	61,000.00	79,000.00	90,000.00
Deduct Buildings	17,000.00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Actual Operating Cost	$166,309.00	$177,827.00	$163,007.00	$153,585.00	$167,447.00	$186,602.00	$185,394.00

NOTE:—The increase in the budget for the present fiscal year over the lowest shown in the table, that of 1911, the last year of the dual boards, is $31,809. Taken by departments, several show some decrease. The increase in those where the difference is very marked, is as follows:

Under head of General Expense, the increase is $6,040—accounted for salary of Engineer and Councilmen and Mayor (in part) less saving by consolidation of offices. In the Police Department the increase of $3,165 is due to increased pay of men, $2,000, and increased cost of feeding teams, maintenance of call system, and some minor matters. In the Streets and Wharves Department, the increase of $6,407 is accounted for by cost of Macomber's Ditch, $4,000, and increased pay of laborers, $2,500. In the Health Department, the budget shows an increase of $19,194. This is accounted for in cost of scavenger work, $7,400—incinerator, $2,000, and salaries, $9,300. There has been an increase in appropriations to hospitals of $1,500.

Save in Safety!

Don't put your Savings in the top bureau drawer nor in a hole in the mattress or an old sock.

Such places are not safe; they offer no protection from either fire or thieves.

But, put your hard earned money in this strong Savings Bank, where it will be safe and ready for your use when needed.

We pay 4 per cent compound interest and keep your savings safe.

Home Savings Bank

——No. 115 No. Front St.——

The Murchison National Bank

Offers its Customers every known business facility.

Large resources.
Progressive in business.
Conservative in methods.
Dealers in Foreign Exchange.
Depositary for Public Funds of the United States, State, County and City.

CHILDLESS WOMEN

These women once childless, now happy and physically well with healthy children will tell how Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound made all this possible. Here are the names and correct addresses—write them if you want to, and learn for yourself. They are only a few out of many thousands.

"Our first baby is strong and healthy and we attribute this result to the timely use of your Compound."—Mrs. Fred Yohann, Kent, Oregon.

"I owe my life and my baby's good health to your Compound."—Mrs. W. O. Spencer, R. F. D., No. 2, Troy, Alabama.

"I have three children and took your Compound each time."—Mrs. John Howard, Wilmington, Vermont.

"I have a lovely baby boy and you can tell every one that he is a 'Pinkham' baby."—Mrs. Louis Fischer, 32 Munroe St., Carlstadt, N. J.

"We are at last blessed with a sweet little baby girl."—Mrs. G. A. Laperouse, Montegut, La.

"I have one of the finest baby girls you ever saw."—Mrs. C. E. Goodwin, 1012 S. 6th St., Wilmington, N.C.

"My husband is the happiest man alive today."—Mrs. Clara Darbrake, 397 Marilla St., Buffalo, N.Y.

"Now I have a nice baby girl, the joy of our home."—Mrs. Dosylva Cote, No. 117 So. Gate St., Worcester, Mass.

"I have a fine strong baby daughter now."—Mrs. A. A. Giles, Dewittville, N.Y., Route 44.

"I have a big, fat, healthy boy."—Mrs. A. A. Balenger, R. F. D. No. 1, Baltimore, Ohio.

Fall is Here and Winter is Coming

So be prepared and get your Comforts and Blankets.

You will find the largest assortment ever shown in Wilmington.

——Be Sure to Look Over Our Stock of——

Carpets and Rugs

STERCHI-BANCROFT-RICH CO.

EVERYTHING FROM A TEASPOON TO A PIANO

110-112 North Front Street. Phone 172.

Financial and Commercial

THE COTTON MARKET NERVOUS

Probable Action at Washington as to Futures Tax—Heavy Advance in Liverpool—Prospects for Wet Weather.

New York, Sept. 24.—Nervousness as to the probable action of Washington in the cotton futures tax matter was reflected in the extreme irregularity and unsettled ruling of today's cotton market. After opening steady at an advance of 3 to 11 points, with several months making new high records for the season, prices broke 20 points or more under heavy general realizing or liquidation.

Possibly the better weather reports in the Eastern belt and the increasing Eastern belt receipts helped to inspire some selling on the decline, but the bulk of the pressure was generally said to represent liquidation, or precautionary realizing.

Aside from this selling, there was heavy selling here by Liverpool during the early trading, supposedly for the purpose of ordering old straddles, but various trade houses were steady buyers on declines, and the demand from this source, combined with renewed covering, caused a rally of ten or twelve points in the late trading. Closing prices were steady, net unchanged to seven points lower.

Private cables attributed the big advance in Liverpool to shorts covering and active continental buying, on bad crop accounts from Texas, rumors of a bullish report from a London authority and also said that exporters were buying near months in the futures market there instead of importing cotton from the South. Prospects for wet weather in the Western belt, with lower temperatures and the official prediction for frost in Northwest Oklahoma and the Texas Panhandle, probably inspired some buying here on the decline which carried December contracts off from 11.52 to 11.30.

Spot cotton, quiet. Middling uplands, 13.60; do. gulf, 13.85; no sales.

Futures closed steady.

Month:	Open.	High.	Low.	Close.
Sept	13.65	13.65	13.51	13.54
Oct	13.60	13.60	13.39	13.49
Nov				13.39
Dec	13.52	13.52	13.30	13.41
Jan	13.44	13.44	13.20	13.33
Feb				13.36
Mar	13.48	13.53	13.35	13.44
May	13.58	13.61	13.44	13.50
June	13.52			13.45
July	13.51	13.52	13.44	13.46
Aug	13.40			

THE PORT MOVEMENT.

Galveston—Firm, 13⅝; net receipts, 24,308; gross receipts, 24,308; sales, 3,216; stock, 178,475; Great Britain, 11,000; continent, 9,294.

New Orleans—Firm, 13½; net receipts, 2,892; gross receipts, 2,482; sales, 959; stock, 31,557; continent, 2,651; coastwise, 391.

Mobile—Steady, 13⅝; net receipts, 1,530; gross receipts, 1,530; sales, 350; stock, 22,828; coastwise, 80.

Savannah—Steady, 13½; net receipts, 12,846; gross receipts, 12,846; sales, 3,712; stock, 103,756; Great Britain, 9,815; continent, 918; coastwise, 3,731.

Charleston—Steady, 13½; net receipts, 5,054; gross receipts, 5,054; sales, 150; stock, 39,326; coastwise, 409.

Wilmington—Steady, 13⅝; net receipts, 2,906; gross receipts, 2,906; stock, 15,911; Great Britain, 9,054; coastwise, 490.

Norfolk—Steady, 13⅝; net receipts, 1,132; gross receipts, 1,132; sales, 824; stock, 7,320; coastwise, 1,910.

Baltimore—Nominal, 13⅝; stock, 2,933.

New York—Quiet, 13.00; gross receipts, 8,256; stock, 21,084; coastwise, 5,780.

Boston—Quiet, 13.60; net receipts, 22; gross receipts, 8,802; stock, 19,522.

Philadelphia—Steady, 13.85; stock, 1,885.

Texas City—Net receipts, 3,464; gross receipts, 3,464; stock, 23,046.

Brunswick—Stock, 5,804.

Pensacola—Net receipts, 1,550; gross receipts, 1,550; Japan, 1,550.

Seattle—Net receipts, 1,550; gross receipts, 1,550; Japan, 1,550.

Total today, at all ports—Net, 55,704; Great Britain, 29,869; continent, 12,833; Japan, 1,550; stock, 478,129.

Consolidated, at all ports—Net, 246,632; Great Britain, 57,796; France, 1,339; continent, 62,344; Japan, 3,179; Mexico, 950.

Total since Sept. 1, at all ports—Net, receipts, 894,803; Great Britain, 198,472; France, 73,004; continent, 277,443; Japan, 9,508; Mexico, 3,687.

INTERIOR MOVEMENT.

Houston—Steady, 13⅜; net receipts, 17,089; gross receipts, 17,089; shipments, 15,536; sales, 6,423; stock, 79,196.

Augusta—Steady, 13⅜; net receipts, 1,174; gross receipts, 1,275; shipments, 1,000; sales, 1,220; stock, 19,793.

Memphis—Steady, 13¾; net receipts, 1,717; gross receipts, 1,905; shipments, 619; sales, 600; stock, 16,032.

St. Louis—Firm, 13¾; net receipts, 153; gross receipts, 441; shipments, 438; stock, 3,441.

Cincinnati—Net receipts, 113; gross receipts, 113; shipments, 73; stock, 18,239.

Little Rock—Quiet, 13¾; net receipts, 361; gross receipts, 361; shipments, 269; stock, 4,862.

Greenville—Steady, 13⅜.

Charlotte—Steady, 13¾.

Total today—Net receipts, 20,607; gross receipts, 21,184; shipments, 17,941; sales, 8,243; stock, 141,473.

COTTON GOODS MARKET.

New York, Sept. 24.—Cotton yarn markets were much firmer and higher today. Denims have been advanced 1-2c a yard. Brown and bleached cottons were advanced without notice on several lines. Worsted yarns for sweater-coats were in active call. Jobbers showed a steady demand for many staples for quick delivery.

PARLIAMENT OF ULSTER.

Getting Ready for Home Rule in the Ireland Province.

Belfast, Ireland, Sept. 24.—The embryo "parliament of Ulster", at present known as the Ulster Unionist council, today assembled in Ulster hall here, to discuss plans for provisional government in the event of the Home Rule bill becoming law. Six hundred delegates were present. The Marquis of Londonberry, former Lord Lieutenant of Ireland, was the chairman.

Sir Edward Carson, leader of the Ulster Unionists, all the Irish Unionist members of the House of Commons, the Duke of Abercorn, and many other peers and representatives from all parts of the province of Ulster attended.

The meeting was held behind closed doors, but subsequently an official announcement was issued as follows:

"All the steps have been taken for repudiating and resisting the decrees of a National parliament, and for taking over the government of the province of Ulster in trust for the British Nation."

The Articles of the Ulster constitution were approved by the delegates. The details are not to be published until the day the home rule bill is placed on the statute books.

A fund was started to indemnify the relatives of any killed or wounded among the Ulster volunteers. This fund is "to amout to at least $5,000,000", according to announcement.

Sid Edward Carson, addressing the meeting, made a statement which is regarded as significant. He said:

"All must recognize that if the Home Rule bill should not be carried there will be trouble in the south of Ireland, and if it should be carried there will be trouble in the north. Great Britain must be accepted as the arbiter between the hostile parties."

Retired Admiral Lord Charles Beresford, Unionist member of Parliament for Portsmouth, is among those chosen as members of the Ulster Provisional government.

WHEAT PRICES AGAIN LOWER

Huge Receipts at Winnipeg and Apparently Unlimited Quantities to Follow Had Depressing Effect—Market.

Chicago, Sept. 24.—Huge receipts at Winnipeg and apparently unlimited quantities to follow, pulled down wheat prices here today, notwithstanding a previous five-day decline.

The market closed nervous, ⅛@¼ to ⅛@⅝c. net lower.

Corn finished ½@⅝ off; oats, unchanged to a setback of ⅛@¼, and provisions less expensive by 2½@5c. to 12½c.

Cash grain:

Wheat—No. 2, 92@94; No. 2, hard, 86¼@97¼; No. 2, Northern, 87¾@89; No. 2, Spring, 86¾@88.

Corn—No. 2, 74¼@75; No. 2, white, 74¾@75; No. 2, yellow, 74¼@75.

Oats—No. 2, white, 42¼@42¾; standard, 42@42¼.

Wheat—Sept., 85⅝; Dec., 87⅝; May, 92¼@92⅝.

Corn—Sept., 73¾; December, 71⅝; May, 72⅝.

Oats—Sept., 40⅝; Dec., 42⅝@42¾; May, 45¾.

Pork—Jan., 19.97@20.05; May, 19.85@20.05.

Lard—May, 10.95; Jan., 11.05@11.07½.

Ribs—Oct., 11.05; Jan., 10.47; May, 10.60@10.62½.

MARINE.

Cleared.

Schr. Estelle, 342 tons, Urquhart, Georgetown, light, Manitt & Wood.

MARINE DIRECTORY.

List of Vessels in Port at Wilmington, North Carolina.

Steamers.

Str. Woglinde (Ger.), 2,885 tons, Timm, Brunswick, Ga., Heide & Co.

Str. Kylestrome (Br.), 2,105 tons, Muir, Savannah, Heide & Co.

Str. Aboukir (Br.), 2,340 tons, Young, Para, Alex. Sprunt & Son.

Str. Mariner (Br.), 1,523 tons, Morrison, Alexander Sprunt & Son.

Schooners.

Schr. Calhoun E. Ross, 375 tons, Colburn, Jersey City, Manitt & Wood.

BY RIVER AND RAIL.

Receipts of Cotton and Naval Stores at the Port.

Wilmington, N. C., Sept. 24.

Atlantic Coast Line—2,369 bales cotton; 10 casks spirits turpentine; 16 barrels tar; 11 barrels crude turpentine.

Seaboard Air Line—413 bales cotton.

Clyde Line—124 bales cotton.

Schr. Pioneer—20 barrels rosin.

Total — 2,906 bales cotton; 10 casks spirits turpentine; 20 barrels rosin; 16 barrels tar; 11 barrels crude turpentine.

WILMINGTON MARKETS.

STAR OFFICE, Sept. 24.

SPIRITS TURPENTINE — Steady, at 37¾ cents per gallon.

ROSIN—Steady, $3.55.

TAR—Firm, at $2.20 per barrel; in casks 10½c. per gallon.

CRUDE TURPENTINE—Firm, $2.00 per barrel for hard; $3.00 per barrel for dip, and $3.00 per barrel for virgin.

Quotations same day last year—Spirits turpentine, 37; rosin, $6.15; tar, $2.20; crude turpentine, firm, at $3.25@$4.75 to $4.75.

Receipts.

Spirits Turpentine	10
Rosin	20
Tar	16
Crude Turpentine	11

2 barrels crude turpentine, no owner.

COTTON MARKET.

Market—Spot, steady, at 13⅜ for middling.

Market—Same day last year, firm, 11½ for middling.

Receipts, 2,906. Same day last year, 5,497 bales.

Total receipts since Sept. 1, 34,988 bales. Total receipts same time last year, 27,463 bales.

PRODUCE MARKETS.

(Quoted by W. J. Meredith, Sept. 20.)

CORN—$2.05@$2.10 per sack.

POTATOES—Irish potatoes, new crop, 85c. per bu. Sweet potatoes, new, 75c.; dull.

PEAS—Out of season.

BEEF—Native, dressed, dull, 8c.

PORK—Small, 9 to 12½c.

WOOL—Burry, 12c to 15c per lb.; free of burs, 16c. per lb.

HIDES—Green salt, 11c; dry flints, 14@15c per lb.

NORTH CAROLINA BACON—Hams, 20 to 21c. per lb.; sides and shoulders, 15c. per lb.

BEESWAX—Firm, 27@28c. per lb.

TALLOW—Firm 4 to 4½ per lb.

POULTRY — Chickens, good demand. Grown, 40 to 45c.; Spring chickens, 12½@35c. per head.

EGGS—25c. to 26. Good demand.

SHEEP—Old Sheep, 75c. to $2.50 per head; very dull. Lambs, $1.50 to $2.50 per head.

WILMINGTON PEANUT MARKET.

(Quoted by J. S. Funchess & Co.)

Wilmington, N. C., Sept. 20.

Market—Weak. Nothing doing.

North Carolinas—No. 1, prime hand-picked, 75; machine-picked, 70.

Spanish—Prime, hand-picked, $1.00; machine-picked, 90c.

Virginias—Prime hand-picked, 75c.; machine-picked, 80c.

NEW YORK PRODUCE.

New York, Sept. 24.—Flour—Nominally steady.

Wheat—Easy. No. 2, red, 95; No. 1, Northern, 94¼; December, 95 7-16.

Corn—Easy. Export, 81½.

Oats—Spot, easy.

Hides—Firm.

Leather—Firm.

Petroleum—Steady.

Wool—Quiet.

Molasses—Steady.

Sugar—Raw, quiet. Centrifugal, 3.67; Muscovado, 3.17; refined, unchanged.

Butter—Unchanged.

Cheese—Unchanged.

Coffee—Spot, steady; Rio, No. 7, 9½; Santos, No. 4, 12⅛; mild, quiet; Cordova, 12½@16, nominal.

Potatoes—Easy.

Cabbages—Steady and unchanged.

Peanuts—Steady and unchanged.

Freights—Steady and unchanged.

Cotton Seed Oil—Barely steady early, under selling on the decline in lard, but prices firmed up later on inquiry from Europe and a broadening domestic demand. Refiners were sellers, presumably against crude purchases. Closing prices were 1 to 3 points net higher. Sales, 16,000. Prime crude, 5.80@5.94; do. Summer yellow, spot, 7.07@7.40; do. Winter yellow, 7.75; do. Summer white, 7.30; September, 7.05; October, 7.06; November, and December, 6.99; January, 7.00; February, 7.09; March, 7.20; April, 7.28.

LIVERPOOL COTTON.

Liverpool, Sept. 24.—Spot cotton, moderate business and firm. Middling fair, 8.43; good middling, 8.15; middling, 7.95; low middling, 7.73; good ordinary, 7.07; ordinary, 6.73; sales, 10,000 bales, including 6,000 American and 1,000 for speculation and export. Receipts, 15,000 bales, including 13,900 American.

Futures closed feverish. September, 7.49; September-October, 7.34; October-November, 7.26; November-December, 7.17½; December-January, 7.17; January-February, 7.17; February-March, 7.16½; March-April, 7.16; May-June, 7.16; June-July, 7.14; July-August, 7.12; August-September, 6.97½.

Whenever You Need a General Tonic Take Grove's

The Old Standard Grove's Tasteless chill Tonic is equally valuable as a General Tonic because it contains the well known tonic properties of QUININE and IRON. Drives out Malaria, enriches Blood, Builds up the Whole System. 50c.

(advertisement.)

STOCKS AGAIN GET SETBACK

Bearish Sentiment in the Ascendancy. Great Markets of Europe Unsettled by Fears of Further Balkan Trouble.

New York, Sept. 24.—Bearish sentiment again was in the ascendancy today and the stock market received another setback. The great markets of Europe were unsettled by fears of renewed disturbances in the Balkans and by uneasiness over the monetary situation.

London disposed of about 20,000 shares on balance, largely Union Pacific, Steel and Amalgamated Copper. Berlin sold Canadian Pacific. In the home market most stress was laid on unfavorable reports of conditions in the Steel and Copper industries. The sharp break in the London copper metal market was followed by reports of price shading here, which, however, were denied.

Many of the standard shares were forced down a point or so, with a slight improvement on short covering in the last hour. New Haven developed exceptional strength.

Bonds were irregular. Southern Pacific collateral is were strong, being influenced by reports that the government would bring suit to separate Central Pacific and Southern Pacific.

Total sales of bonds, par value, $2,000,000. United States 2s declined ¼ on call and registered bonds sold at 96, compared with 97 on the preceding sale.

Total sales were 293,800, including Amalgamated Copper, 30,300; American Tobacco, 200; A. C. L., 100; C. and O., 1,300; Lehigh Valley, 2,100; Norfolk and Western, 400; Reading, 39,300; Seaboard Air Line, pfd., 600; Southern Railway, 800; do. pfd., 300; Tennessee Copper, 300; Union Pacific, 36,800; U. S. Steel, 59,300; Virginia-Carolina Chemical, 100.

CLOSING STOCK LIST.

Amalgamated Copper	77¾
American Agricultural	46
American Beet Sugar	26¾
American Can	36⅜
American Can, pfd	95⅜
American Car and Foundry	45¾
American Cotton Oil	42
American Ice Securities	22½
American Linseed	23½
American Locomotive	32⅜
Amer. Smelting and Ref	66⅝
American Smelting and Ref., pfd	100½
American Sugar Ref	111
American Tel. and Tel	131¼
American Tobacco	235
Anaconda Mining Co	37⅜
Atchison	94¾
Atchison, pfd	98
Atlantic Coast Line	120
Baltimore and Ohio	94¾
Bethlehem Steel	34¾
Brooklyn Rapid Transit	89
Canadian Pacific	230½
Chesapeake and Ohio	58
Chicago Great Western	13
Chicago, Mil. and St. Paul	106⅞
Chicago and North Western	129
Colorado Fuel and Iron	31⅝
Consolidated Gas	132½
Corn Products	10¾
Delaware and Hudson	160
Denver and Rio Grande	19
Denver and Rio Grandde, pfd	83
Distillers' Securities	14¼
Erie	29
Erie, 1st pfd	46¼
Erie, 2nd pfd	36½
General Electric	146
Great Northern, pfd	127
Great Northern Ore Ctfs	38
Illinois Central	110½
Interborough-Met	15½
Interborough-Met., pfd	60¾
Inter-Harvester	107
Inter-Marine, pfd	16
International Paper	9
International Pump	17
Kansas City Southern	24¾
Laclede Gas	101
Lehigh Valley	157¼
Louisville and Nashville	126½
National Biscuit	47
National Lead	54¾
Nat. Rys. of Mexico, 2nd pfd	18¾
New York Central	95¾
New York, Ont. and Western	29
Norfolk and Western	105½
North American	73
Northern Pacific	113
Pacific Mail	21½
Pennsylvania	112¾
People's Gas	128
Pittsburg, C. C. and St. Louis	90
Pittsburg Coal	20
Pressed Steel Car	26
Pullman Palace Car	153
Reading	168⅝
Republic Iron and Steel	23
Republic Iron and Steel, pfd	88
Rock Island Co	15
Rock Island Co., pfd	23
St. Louis and San Fran., 2nd pfd	8
Seaboard Air Line	18
Seaboard Air Line, pfd	48
Sloss-Sheffield Steel and Iron	33
Southern Pacific	92⅛
Southern Railway	23⅝
Southern Railway, pfd	87⅜
Tennessee Copper	32¼
Texas and Pacific	15
Union Pacific	158⅜
Union Pacific, pfd	85½
United States Realty	62
United States Rubber	63⅜
United States Steel	62⅝
United States Steel, pfd	108¾
Utah Copper	52
Virginia-Carolina Chemical	30
Wabash	4½
Wabash, pfd	11⅜
Western Maryland	40⅜
Western Union	78
Westinghouse Electric	70¾
Wheeling and Lake Erie	4

NAVAL STORES MARKET.

New York, Sept. 24.—Turpentine, steady. Rosin—Quiet.

Savannah, Sept. 24.—Turpentine, easier, at 38½ to 38⅝; sales, 1,252; receipts, 1,087; shipments, 76; stocks, 26,955.

Rosin—Weaker. Sales, 3,581; receipts, 3,448; shipments, 5,401; stocks, 167,070. Quote: A, B, C, D, E, F, H, 3.67½@3.70; I, 3.70; K, 4.10; M, 4.40; N, 5.10; W G, 6.00; W W, 6.15@6.25.

HANS SCHMIDT CASE.

Alienists at Work in Matter of Renegade Priest.

New York, September 24.—Hans Schmidt, slayer of Anna Aumuller, today was examined by alienists in an effort to determine his mental condition. Counsel for the prisoner claim he is insane, and in order that expert opinion on this point may be had before the case progresses further, the inquest into the Aumuller girl's death, set for next Saturday, was adjourned to October 3rd. By that time a decision as to Schmidt's mental status will have been reached by the State's alienists.

The alienists had no comment to make after their interview with Schmidt. Whatever their decision, however, Schmidt's case will be brought before the October grand jury, it was learned at the district attorney's office tonight. His arraignment would follow the bringing of an indictment for murder and the Supreme Court then would have to determine whether a jury finally is to pass upon the confessed murderers mental state.

Drs. Mabon and MacDonald questioned the former priest for an hour or more. It was understood that he talked freely as he has at every opportunity during his imprisonment, going into details about his crime. He was backward, however, in responding to questions regarding certain phases of the case with which the alienists were particularly anxious to become acquainted, and further questioning later this week was decided upon.

Father Franz Markert, a schoolmate in Mainz, Germany, had a long talk with the confessed murderer today. "He hasn't changed much," said Father Markert. "He always was of a nervous disposition but we attributed that to the close attention he paid to his studies.

THE WEATHER.

United States Department of Agriculture, Weather Bureau.

September 25, 1913.

Meteorological data for the 24 hours ending at 8 P. M., yesterday:

Temperature at 8 A. M., 58 degrees; at 8 P. M., 67 degrees; maximum, 72 degrees; minimum, 53 degrees; mean, 62 degrees.

Rainfall for the day, .00; rainfall for the month to date, 3.53.

Stage of water in Cape Fear river at Fayetteville, at 8 A. M., yesterday, 8.8 feet.

Weather Forecast.

For North Carolina—Fair; warmer on Thursday; Friday, fair.

The Port Calendar—Sept. 25.

Sun rises ..... 6:32 A. M.
Sun sets ..... 6:05 P. M.
Day's length ..... 12 hrs. 3 min.

Tides.

	High water. A.M.	P.M.	Low water A.M.	P.M.
Wilmington	5:17	5:38	12:35	12:28
Southport	2:42	3:24	9:11	9:03
Masonboro Inlet	2:31	3:13	8:51	8:43

WEATHER BUREAU REPORTS.

September 24, 1913.

STATIONS:	Weather at 8 P. M.	Temperature: Highest Today.	Lowest Last Night.	Precipitation, 8 P. M
Abilene	cloudy	86	70	.0
Asheville	clear	72	40	.0
Atlanta	clear	74	54	.0
Augusta	clear	76	46	.0
Birmingham	clear	78	54	.0
Charleston	clear	74	62	.0
Charlotte	clear	76	54	.0
Chicago	clear	82	62	.0
Galveston	pt cldy	80	76	.0
Jacksonville	pt cldy	82	64	.0
Memphis	clear	80	60	.0
Mobile	pt cldy	84	64	.0
Montgomery	clear	78	54	.0
New Orleans	clear	80	66	.0
New York	clear	70	52	.0
Oklahoma	raining	78	66	.26
Palestine	pt cldy	82	62	.0
Pittsburg	clear	78	46	.0
Raleigh	clear	74	54	.0
Savannah	clear	76	60	.0
Shreveport	clear	80	60	.0
St. Louis	clear	78	58	.0
Washington	clear	74	44	.0

FINANCIAL MARKETS.

New York, Sept. 24.—Money on call, firm at 2½@3 per cent; ruling rate, 3; closing bid, 2½@2¾. Time loans, firm; sixty days, 4¼@4½; ninety days, 4½@4¾; six months, 5@5¼. Prime mercantile paper, 5¾@6 per cent. Sterling exchange, easy, at 4.82 for sixty days, 4.8565 for demand. Commercial bills, 4.81¾. Bar silver, 61⅝; Mexican dollars, 47.

RUB-MY-TISM

Will cure your **Rheumatism** Neuralgia, Headaches, Cramps, Colic, Sprains, Bruises, Cuts and Burns, Old Sores, Stings of Insects Etc. **Antiseptic Anodyne,** used internally and externally. Price 25c.

STATE OF NORTH CAROLINA, COUNTY of New Hanover. In the Superior Court, September Term, A. D. 1913.—M. W. Divine, M. J. Corbett and C. C. Chadbourn vs. Carter's Creek Fish Guano Company. Summons and Warrant of Attachment.

State of North Carolina, To Carter's Creek Fish Guano Company:

You are hereby commanded to be and appear at the next term of the Superior Court of New Hanover County, to be held in the Court House at Wilmington, N. C., on the 7th Monday after the first Monday in September, A. D. 1913, it being the 20th day of October A. D. 1913, to answer the complaint of the plaintiffs, which has been filed in the above entitled cause, and you Carter's Creek Fish Guano Company, are notified that if you fail to appear and answer or demur to the complaint, which was brought by the plaintiffs to recover of Carter's Creek Fish Guano Company the sum of twenty-two thousand five hundred dollars ($22,500.00), with interest on $15,000.00 from the 15th day of March, A. D. 1913, and interest on the sum of $7,500.00 from the 1st day of April, 1913, said indebtedness being evidenced by two promissory notes dated March 14th, 1912, executed by Carter's Creek Fish Guano Company, to the plaintiffs above named.

Carter's Creek Fish Guano Company are further notified that at the time the original summons was issued herein, which was returnable to the September term of the Superior Court of New Hanover county, a warrant of attachment was issued against its property and levied upon the indebtedness due by the Ocean Fisheries Company to Carter's Creek Fish Guano Company, amounting to the sum of about Twenty-Six Thousand Dollars ($26,000.00), which said warrant of attachment was returnable to the September term of the Superior Court of New Hanover, to be held in the Court House at Wilmington, N. C., on the 8th day of September, A. D. 1913, and due to the fact that the said warrant of attachment and summons could not be personally served on you, publication of the same was started and this notice and summons is to complete the service heretofore started, said warrant of attachment being levied to secure the payment of any judgment obtained in this cause on the two notes above mentioned, which are now due and owing to the plaintiff, at which time and place you may attend and defend this action, if you so desire; otherwise, judgment will be taken according to law condemning the said attached property for the satisfaction of any judgment obtained herein, according to law.

This 9th day of September, A. D. 1913.

W. N. HARRISS,
Clerk Superior Court.

se11-1aw4w

NOTICE OF FORECLOSURE.

By virtue of power of sale contained in a certain mortgage made and executed by Katherine Holloway, on the 3rd day of March, 1913, to B. F. King, Jr., and duly recorded in Book No. 71, on page 319 of the records of the Register of Deeds of New Hanover County, the undersigned, mortgagee, will expose for sale to the highest bidder, for cash, at the Court House door of New Hanover, and of the State of North Carolina, on the 5th day of October, 1913, at 12 o'clock M., the following tract, piece, parcel or lot of land, situate and being in the city of Wilmington, N. C., in said State and County, bounded and described as follows:

Beginning at the Southeastern intersection of Seventh and Hanover streets and running thence Eastwardly with the Southern line of Hanover street 82½ feet; thence Southwardly and parallel with Seventh Street 66 feet; thence Westwardly and parallel with Hanover Street 82½ feet to the Eastern line of Seventh Street; and thence Northwardly along the said Eastern line of Seventh Street 66 feet to the beginning point. Same being a part of Lot 1 in Block No. 252, according to the official plan of the city of Wilmington.

Dated and posted this, the 3rd day of September, 1913.

B. F. KING, JR.,
Mortgagee.

Kellum & Loughlin,
Attorneys.

se4-1aw4w

J. B. McCabe, Manager. Local and Long Distance 'Phone 603.

Carolina Audit & Adjustment Company,

Licensed Accountants and Auditors, Room 405 Southern Bldg. Wilmington, N. C.

Audits Accounting Systems

BIG G Cures in 1 to 5 days unnatural discharges. Contains no poison and may be used full strength absolutely without fear. Guaranteed not to stricture. Prevents contagion. WHY NOT CURE YOURSELF? At Druggists, or we ship express prepaid upon receipt of $1. Full particulars mailed on request. THE EVANS CHEMICAL CO., Cincinnati, O.

U. S. ENGINEER OFFICE, WILMINGTON, N. C., Sept. 25, 1913.—Sealed proposals for lock gates will be received at this office until 12 M., Oct. 25, 1913, and then publicly opened. Information on application. H. W. Stickle, Maj. Engrs.

se25,26,27,30;oc24,25-6t

We are closing 'em out, every last of this season's Summer Stock, to make room for Our Fall Stock, soon to arrive.

Women's $3.50 and $4.00---

$2.19

One of Our Many Bargains

Call and be convinced.

HEWLETT & PRICE

24 NO. FRONT ST.

"BOCABELLI"

Pure Olive Oil Soap—For the toilet; for shaving; for a shampoo, and as a dentifrice. It makes a soft, smooth lather that is soothing to the skin and contains no excess of alkali or soda that will chap or roughen it.

2-ounce cake, 5 cents.
6-ounce cake, 10 cents.
16-ounce or 1-pound cake, 25 c.

See our window display or telephone 248. Our quick bicycle delivery makes us

"Just a Square from Everywhere"

ELVINGTON'S PHARMACY

Second and Princess Streets

Agents for M. Stein's Theatrical Make-up.

WHOLESALE GROCERS

226 North Water Street
Wilmington, N. C.

For Sale

200 Barrels New Mullets.
Complete Line Groceries.
Orders solicited.

Sam'l Bear, Sr., & Sons

311 N. Front Street,
Wilmington, N. C.

DRAWING PAPER
DRAWING PENS
DRAWING INK

SOLD BY
Southern Map Company
DRAWING MATERIALS
Southern Bldg. Wilmington, N.C

BURETT H. STEPHENS
ARCHITECT
38-39-40 BARRELL BUILDING.
WILMINGTON, N. C.

J. F. LEITNER
ARCHITECT
27-28-29 Garrell Building

NOTICE

$25.00 Reward will be paid for evidence to convict any person or corporation who sets fire that burns any of my lands in this or any other county in this State. D. L. GORE
120 N. Water Street, Wilmington, North Carolina.

DAVID'S

Smart Styles for Young Men

Young men can't afford to dress in any but the best style; and the best style is something that only the most expert designers can produce; style in clothes is an art, not simply a word. It's the real art of style in them that makes Hart Schaffner & Marx clothes so much preferred. You'll find that no made-to-measure garments, whatever you pay for them, will give you the lasting satisfaction that's to be had in these goods.

It is such clothing as this of Hart Schaffner & Marx that makes made-to-order clothes unnecessary; they're better than most made-to-order in every way; in fabrics, tailoring, style, fit. You'll see it for yourself here.

See what value $25 will give you; we have them at less, and more.

Royal Brand Boys' Suits and Overcoats, the best yet, in up-to-date Norfolk Suits.

The A. David Co

Copyright Hart Schaffner & Marx

This store is the home of Hart Schaffner & Mark clothes.

A. D. B.

Drapery Talk

More than Fifty Per Cent. of the Charm of a Completely Furnished Room lies in the **Window and Door Draperies.**

It is the **Draperies** that give life to a Room.

It is the Color of the **Draperies** that brings the tones of the Rugs and Furniture into harmony with the tones of the walls.

We are showing a carefully selected stock, including **Marquisette, Grenadine, Voile, Mull, Swiss, Reversible Scrim, and Over Draperies.**

A. D. BROWN

Agent Butterick Patterns and Publications.

OUTFIT the BOYS HERE!

Mothers who are particular, consider this the best store in town to buy their children's clothes. You'll find here in great variety, strong, serviceable, stylish garments for the youngsters who are hard on their clothes, and neat, dressy styles for special wear. We're just as careful and exacting in outfitting the youngsters as we are with the men.

FLEET-DAVIS CO.

'Phone 673— Next to the Bijou

GET IN LINE!

An $1100.00 Automobile to Be Given Away to Somebody!

WHY NOT TO YOU?

You stand just as good a chance to win it as anyone else.

The one securing the highest number of votes will certainly get the machine. Isn't it worth working for? Every 5 cent purchase gives you 5 votes.

A $5.00 Merchandise Book entitles you to 10,000 votes. Get busy. It's worth the trouble.

J. HICKS BUNTING DRUG CO.

FRONT AND GRACE STS.

AUTOIL

Manufactured from best Pennsylvania Crude.

Darlington, S. C., July 9, 1913

Cape Fear Oil Co.,
Wilmington, N. C.

Gentlemen:

Referring to your invoice of Feb. 28th, Auto Oil. We have tried other oil here but that gave more universal satisfaction, and we would ask that you ship us a thirty gallon barrel of this same kind of oil for our auto and truck.

Yours truly,
The Coca Cola Bottling Co.

NO STRINGS TIED TO SULZER FUNDS

(Continued from Page One.)

that he had written him a letter congratulating him on his nomination and that on October 16th, 1912, the Governor had called on him at his office in New York.

"'Governor Sulzer come into my office,' said Mr. Schiff and I asked him whether there was anything special I could do for him, and he said:

"'Are you going to contribute to my campaign fund'

"I said, 'yes, I shall be willing to do so.'

"He said: 'How much will you contribute?'

"I said, '$2,500'.

"He replied, 'Can you make it any more?'

"I then said to him, 'No, that is about as much as I care to give you.'

"Then he said, 'All right, please make your check to the order of Louis A. Sarecky'."

"Now, did you in this conversation or at any time," asked Louis Marshall, "impose any limitation or condition upon the use which was to be made of that money by him?"

"There was nothing said," replied Mr. Schiff.

"Did you intend that it should be used for any specific purpose?" persisted Mr. Marshall.

Mr. Kresel jumped to his feet with an objection.

"Your honor will recollect," interposed the Governor's attorney, "that one of the counts is that the money was received as a bailee and wrongfully misappropriated."

"You are right," said Judge Cullen, "that article says guilty of larceny."

It was here that the president of the court rendered his decision that where money was given with consent, that if it could be used in any manner, its use would not be larceny."

Mr. Schiff then repeated that there was nothing said concerning the use which the Governor was to make of the check.

The Governor's six lawyers were smiling jubilantly when Mr. Schiff stepped down from the witness stand. Tonight counsel for the managers announced they would recall the banker tomorrow.

Mr. Morganthau came next. He said Governor Sulzer visited him at Democratic National haidquarters on October 5, 1912, to thank him for his assistance in bringing about Sulzer's nomination. He added:

"We talked about the general situation and while talking I either made out a check myself or had my clerk make out a check for $1,000, and I signed and handed it to the Governor. He said to me: 'I didn't expect that from you. I don't want it because you are doing so much for the National Committee'."

Intimation o fthe attack it is reported the Governor will make on Tammany Hall in presenting his side of the case came at the very outset of today's testimony, when Attorney Marshall asked Secretary of State May if he had in his files a campaign report of the general committee of Tammany Hall. Mr. May replied that no such report had "officially come to his notice" and that he was unaware that any such report had been filed.

Suggestion that the endorsement of the Governor's signature on some of the alleged campaign checks was not genuine came when Thomas M. Godwin, paying teller of the Farmers *Loan & Trust Company, New York, testified that the signature on the checks of Lvrman A. Spalding for $100,* and Abram I. Elkus for $500, disclosed "sufficient irregularity to warrant my investigating before paying it."

Godwin also identified deposit slips of William Sulzer with his institution between September, 1912, and the date of his inauguration. These were slips unearthed by the Frawley committee which showed that during that period the Governor's deposits amounted approximately to $23,000. They had not been placed in evidence when court adjourned.

Counsel for the managers tonight declared they could easily prove the signatures Godwin failed to identify are the Governor's.

That Judge Cullen would allow wide latitude in the introduction of evidence was indicated when he said in answer to one objection of counsel:

"It is not the intention of the presiding judge, unless directed otherwise by the court, to rule out any evidence that the parties lay any stress upon, unless something plainly immaterial or brings in the names or acts of persons who are not parties to the litigation and have no business to be introduced."

The prosecution's counsel tomorrow plan to delve deeper into the Governor's campaign fund. Local managers of the Western Union Telegraph Company and the Postal Telegraph Company today were subpoenaed to produce all telegrams sent from and to the executive mansion or the executive chamber since June 1st, including those of Mrs. Sulzer, Chester C. Platt, Governor Sulzer's secretary; John A. Hennessy, his special investigator, and Louis A. Sarecky, custodian of his campaign funds.

FUNERAL EXPENSE TOO HIGH.

Government Wouldn't Pay for More Than One Carriage.

Washington, Sept. 24.The "high cost of dying" disturbed George E. Downey, comptroller of the treasury, today when he was called upon to decide officially what constitutes "a decent burial."

The widow of a lighthouse employe who died at Washington, N. C., in the line of duty and was buried in Baltimore, presented a bill for $168 which the comptroller said was too high, whereupon he proceeded to cut the account in two.

A hearse and one hack for the widow, the comptroller conceded, might be essential to a "decent burial" of a married man, but he refused to pay for a funeral cortege of seven carriages. He likewise declined to approve a black suit for the corpse costing $10, underclothes and hose $1.25 and newspaper "advertising" in the nature of funeral notices to the amount of $3.40. The government bought the dead man a casket and box for $27 at Washington, N. C., but the comptroller refused to pay for a $70 casket to which the body was transferred when it reached Baltimore.

Los Angeles, Cal., Sept. 24.—The attempt of George H. Bixby, the Long Beach capitalist, on trial for alleged offenses against girls, to prove himself the victim of blackmailers today suffered a temporary setback through the refusal of Octavius W. Morgan, an elderly architect, to testify. Arguments over Morgan's recalcitrance occupied most of the day and Judge Bledsoe took the matter under advisement.

Washington, Sept. 24.—By unanimous vote the Senate Public Lands Committee late today decided to report favorably the bill passed by the House giving San Francisco the right to establish a water supply system in Hetch-Hetchy valley.

Graham Crackers baked by the National Biscuit Company have a flavor and zest all their own. You will relish them. They will nourish you.

NATIONAL BISCUIT COMPANY

GRAHAM CRACKERS

Made from the finest materials and perfectly baked, they come to you fresh, crisp and clean—in the moisture-proof package. Eat them at meals and between. Give them to the children without stint. Always look for the In-er-seal Trade Mark.

10c

CRAIG WOULD ACCEPT BUT SHIPPERS REJECT

(Continued from Page One.)

the State ought to have more, but we are dealing with a practical question. We cannot get our rights until the whole theory of the laws are overturned."

The Water Points.

As to the water points, Governor Craig said he wished they would get these reductions. Wilmington, and the other water points already have the lowest rates, and in addition have thousands of dollars collected from all the people to promote their natural advantages. Wilmington has the power to secure lower rates for itself, and the rest of the State.

Representative E. J. Justice, Dr. H. Q. Alexander and former Governor R. B. Glenn were among the other speakers. Mr. Justice discussed the long and short haul clause of section four of the inter-State commerce act, and stated that the trouble had to be remedied in the National Congress. A boat line to Wilmington, he said by way of puncturing any argument for that project, would tend to give Wilmington lower rates, while the carriers, after destroying the boat line, would recoup their losses out of the interior of the State.

Alexander Roasts Commission.

It remained for Dr. Alexander, president of the State Farmers' Union, to do the Corporation Commission to a roast, and the audience enjoyed it. The farmer-doctor-politician compared inter-State rates with intra-State *rates and declared that somebody on the Corporation Commission were not* doing their duty, were not taking the public into their confidence, and that a separate commission should be appointed to handle freight rates. He was vociferously applauded.

Glenn Comes to Bat.

Former Governor Glenn appealed to the members of the Legislature, to whom he addressed most of his remarks, not to do anything in a spirit of vengeance or retaliation, but suggested that they might cut passenger fares to two cents a mile. He declared that two wrongs do not make a right and insisted that the proposition as submitted and analyzed by Governor Craig ought to be accepted or rejected on its merits, and asked the members of the Legislature to study it carefully. "Accept it if it in your opinion is just or to reject it if it does not meet the demands of the State." He urged against retaliation.

At 6 o'clock the Just Freight Rate Association adjourned until 8 o'clock.

Cam. Morrison Speaks.

In addressing the Just Freight Rate Association tonight in a meeting in Representatives' Hall, at which Legislators were present by special invitation, Hon. Cameron Morrison declared that much as he regretted to take issue with a friend, he believed Governor Craig wrong in his advocacy of adoption of the proposal of the railroad companies for settlement of freight discrimination.

He insisted that there was much that can be done without entering the realm of retaliation. He advocated reduction of passenger fares to two cents per mile; reduction of intra-State freight rates to such basis as will compensate North Carolina shippers for the discriminations made against them in inter-State rates, and declared for the creation of a separate Railroad Rate Commission, to carry on the contest with the railroads for justice to North Carolina in rates, freight and passenger.

Mr. McIver, of Newbern, endorsed the position of Cameron Morrison as his views, and appealed for reductions in inter-State rates and for a separate railroad commission.

McCormick States Port's Position.

J. G. McCormick, of Wilmington, declared Wilmington's position to be that of justice for the whole State, including water points, and insisted that the pending proposal was altogether undesirable. The railroad companies had insisted that numbers of important concessions subsequently granted were impossible, as the negotiations proceeded, and that they would finally yield complete justice, if the people and the State authorities persist in standing for complete justice or nothing. He advocated the separate Railroad Commission idea in fighting for full justice. His people had rather pay the high rates awhile longer and continue the fight than surrender for the inadequate proposal offered.

Laughinghouse Grows Warm.

J. J. Laughinghouse said the Corporation Commission had been on the pay roll twenty years, and he knew of no benefit it has conferred. But if a new commission was to be created, "for God's sake abolish the old one first." He urged against letting railroad lawyers get into the Legislature.

President Tate said he believed the present Legislature safely favorable to supporting the views of the Just Freight Rate Association, but declared that if the work of the Legislature at this special session proved to the contrary, he would join in seeing to it that men were sent here who would represent the views and wishes of the folks at home. He said the membership of the assembly had been canvassed recently and his information was that the big majority are standing for the interests of the shippers and the Just Freight Rate Association.

Frank Gough, of Lumberton, spoke for standing out for complete justice, and for a separate Railroad Rate Commission.

Steadfast Against Acceptance.

The meeting continued until after 11 o'clock.

One of the last speakers was J. C. Forester, of Greensboro, rate expert, who urged that the proposal from the railroads should be adopted. That rate reforms must come by piecemeal, that it would take a new railroad rate commision two years to find out what it wanted or could undertake to do, and that the proposal the railroads have offered is a good business proposition and would by all means be accepted.

The resolutions of the afternoon declaring against acepting the proposal and for the creation of the separate railroad rate commission, were reaffirmed.

SUPREME COURT OPINIONS.

Twenty-two Decisions Handed Down. Several Dismissed Under Rule 17.

(Special Star Telegram.)

Raleigh, N. C., Sept. 24.—Twenty-two appeals were disposed of this weekly delivery day in a batch of opinions handed down by the Supreme Court as follows:

Bell vs. Norfolk Southern Railway, Currituck, affirmed; Mann vs. Hall, Hyde, affirmed; Western vs. Roper Lumber Co., Pasquotank, no error; Parker vs. Washington, no error; Burnett vs. Atlantic Coast Line R. R. Co., Edgecombe, error; Shelton vs. White, Edgecombe, remanded; State vs. Ruffins, Vance, no error; State vs. Cobb, Halifax, no error; Commissioners of Vance vs. Town of Henderson, reversed; Cooper vs. Seaboard Air Line, Chatham, no error; McCulloch vs. Cheatham, Johnston, no error; Watkins vs. Seaboard Air Line, new trial; Corporation Commission vs. Bank of Jonesboro, Lee, affirmed; Griswold vs. Western Union Telegraph Co., Chatham, no error; Huffman vs. Southern Railway, Wayne, no error; Monds vs. Town of Dunn, Harnett, no error; Pierce vs. Stallings, Johnston, affirmed.

The following were docketed and dismissed under rule 17: State vs. Ed Hayes, Vance; State vs. Aggie Taylor, Wilson; State vs. J. H. Burnett, Wilson; in re will of J. W. Jones, Craven, the appeal in Brogden vs. Strayhorn was dismissed for failure to file a printed brief.

A most interesting visitor to the State Department of Education today was Mr. E. W. Turlington, of Mount Airy, who is one of the Rhodes scholarship students from North Carolina to Oxford University, England. Mr. Turlington finished a three-year scholarship work in two years and goes back this Fall for a post graduate course. He is due in England for the Fall opening of Oxford University October 10th.

A charter was issued today for the Keystone Paper Box Co., of Burlington, capital $50,000 authorized and $3,000 subscribed by E. P. Bacon, of Polk county, and J. H. Clapps and J. W. Murray, of Burlington, for a general paper box manufacturing business.

The Jackson Mills Co., of Monroe, chartered September 17th, for a general cotton manufacturing business and including silk, wool, hemp and other fabrics, filed today an amendment to its charter increasing the authorized capital from $125,000 to $300,000 and providing that the company may begin business when $10,000 capital is subscribed. The incorporators are R. A. Morrow, W. C. Heath and J. L. English. W. C. Heath subscribes 40 shares of stock and Messrs. English and Morrow 30 shares each.

The Supreme Court is hearing Fifth District appeals this week and will not complete the hearings probably before Friday. A case of special interest just heard is Morehead City vs. Atlantic & North Carolina, or Norfolk Southern Railroad Co., involving the question of whether the railroad company should cover drains from the railroad track running through the town on Arendell street. The railroad company lost in the trial below and the matter is now up to the Supreme Court very much under the same conditions, it is said, as controlled the noted case from Goldsboro a few terms ago, in which the town won and compelled the railroad company to take care of the street conditions as demanded.

Trinidad, Sept. 24.—The first disorder in the Colorado Coal Miners' strike occurred today when Camp Marshal Robert Lee was shot and killed at Sagundo, near here, according to information received, by a foreign coal miner, name unknown, who with two other strikers had been ejected by Lee tearing up a small foot bridge. Lee was shot from his horse. The foreigners escaped.

Chicago, Sept. 24.—The refrigeration congress closed its third convention here today after choosing St. Petersburg, Russia, for the convention in 1916, and re-electing officers headed by President Andre Lebon, of Paris, France.

FOR THAT TIRED FEELING

Take Horsford's Acid Phosphate

Excellent for the relief of exhaustion due to Summer heat or overwork.

(advertisement.)

DISAGREE ON TAX ON COTTON FUTURES

(Concluded from Page One.)

agreement reached tonight by the tariff conference committee

All questions of the income tax and administration features of the tariff were completed with two exceptions. The amount of exemption allowed under the income tax, fixed at $3,000 by the Senate and at $4,000 by the House has not yet been settled. A vote will be taken early tomorrow on the anti-dumping clause of the tariff bill. When the conference adjourned at midnight, it was the expectation that the bill would be complete tomorrow and the conference report made to the House Friday.

FATHER KIDNAPS CHILD.

Frederick Wiseman Takes Baby from Side of Sleeping Mother.

(Special Star Telegram.)

Kinston, N. C., Sept. 24.—Frederick Wiseman, of Chester, Pa., followed Beulah Warg, his wife to Kinston and kidnapped their 3-year-old daughter, Dorothy, before daybreak this morning.

Wiseman was believed to be in Maine. He entered the house in the suburbs by a ladder to the second story window and secured the child without awakening the mother. He placed the baby in hiding, then sent the chief of police an anonymous message, stating that the mother was not morally fit to care for her. He jocularly stated that the baby was sent to Chester by aeroplane.

Wiseman was identified on the street by his wife. She would not prefer charges but refused to agree to send the little one to relatives in Chester. The police could not require Wiseman to produce the child without a warrant by his wife and he was not subject to arrest for burglary because the law holds a man's home where his family is.

Wiseman is said to be an adept second-story man who has served a long term for burglary and had been tried on other charges. The police here believe him partly unbalanced and he is under surveillance.

INDEPENDENCE LEAGUE.

Openly Charged That Tammany Hall Has Stolen It.

New York, September 24.—Charges that Tammany Hall had gained control of the Independence League party in this city tonight, were made on the floor of the meeting of the league's county committee by members who resigned after John J. Hopper, for four years county chairman, was deposed and James A. Donegan elected in his place. Hopper had declined to run again, but was nominated, nevertheless, and defeated while his supporters shouted "This is a Tammany steal!" Tammany had "packed" the committee, they charged.

Youngstown, O., Sept. 24—Engineer Walter H. Johnson, of Chicago Junction, O., and Fireman R. S. Blackwood, of Pittsburg, Pa., were killed tonight in a wreck of the eastbound C. & O., railroad train No. 10 when the engine jumped the track in this city.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

Bijou—Motion Pictures.
City of Wilmington—Statement.
R. A. Wright & Co.—Sensation Flour.
W. Tacobi Hardware Co.—Cooking School.
Wilmington Savings & Trust Co.—Two Days.

Business Locals.

Wanted—Desk.
Palace Market—Coots.
Wanted—Stenographer.
Wanted—White Woman.
M. C. Darby & Co.—For Rent.
Clark-Lynch Lumber Co.—Quality.
W. M. Sneeden—New River Oysters.
A. G. Waren Ice Cream Co.—Special.
Wanted—Log Woods Superintendent.

Business Locals

Advertisements inserted under this head, One Cent per word for each insertion, but no advertisement taken for less than 25c. Additional words, more than 25, One Cent per word. Unless the advertiser has a regular account, all advertisements under this head are STRICTLY CASH IN ADVANCE, the amounts being too small to warrant a charge. The Star will send without charge, a Western Union Messenger to any address in the city for advertisements in this department upon request by 'Phone to No. 51. A Messenger will also call for telegrams for the Western Union Telegraph Company, or for notes or small packages to be delivered anywhere in the city. No charge for collecting the telegrams, but a small charge for strictly Messenger Service; calls will be made, or telephone subscribers may at any time telephone their telegrams; bills rendered to suit the sender, daily, weekly or monthly. For this service, call "Western Union." But for advertisements, always call the Star Office, No. 51. Copy for Business Locals cannot be taken over the telephone—but upon request Messenger will be dispatched to any part of the city for them.

ASK OUR CUSTOMERS about Clark-Lynch "Quality." Prices always consistent. No orders too small. All receive careful personal attention. Clark-Lynch Lumber Co., 17 Princess street. se25-1t

WANTED—Couple with one child would like middle aged white woman to make her home with them and help care for baby. Permanent home, with wages. Address "Mrs. B.," care Star. se25-1t*

COOTS! COOTS! COOTS!—Very best one-lb. creamery butter; get some of it. Try our 50c. coffee: fresh ground while you wait. Nice lettuce and celery. Country pork and native pork hams. Cucumbers, sickle pears, fresh eggs. We have the goods. Palace Market, 108 South Front street. 'Phone 72. se25-tf

SPECIAL FOR TODAY—Peach, strawberry and cherry ice cream. Pure, sweet cream daily from North Carolina Test Farm, 50c. quart. A. G. Warren Ice Cream Co. se25-tf

FOR RENT—A new, modern, convenient seven-room house, No. 310 Church st. See M. C. Darby & Co. se25-tf

NOTICE.—New River oysters, clams, shrimps, fish, chickens, eggs and Bartlett pears. Pineapples and a choice line of vegetables. W. M. Sneeden, 'Phone 374. se25-1t*

WANTED—A good log woods superintendent. Competent of handling labor and getting out twenty thousand feet of logs per day. State wages and how soon can come. Good wages to right man. Apply to P. H. Sears, Supt. J. C. Foster Lumber Co., Jacksonville, N. C. se25-tf

WANTED—One small roller desk. Address P. O. Box 131. se25-tf

WANTED—Capable, experienced stenographer for five or six weeks. Address P. O. Box 1021. se25-1t*

WANTED—Five men and five boys. Call at once. Hopkins Furniture Co., 18 So. Front st. se25-1t

WANTED—A good, reliable woman to take care of house for a few weeks. 'Phone 964. se25-1t

FOR QUICK SALE—At low figure, fully equipped shoe repair shop, Goodyear machinery, established business. Box 283, City. se24-3t se25-1t

THE ROYAL BAKING CO., 22 N. Front street, Wilmington, N. C., announces to its many patrons and the public that they have inaugurated an early delivery by a bicycle corps for their hot rolls and bread, beginning at 6 o'clock each morning. An order at any time will guarantee you hot rolls or bread for breakfast. 'Phone 246. se24-4t

BULBS! BULBS! BULBS!—Bulbs, bulbs, bulbs, bulbs, bulbs—we said bulbs. Hyacinths and all kinds. Import shipment direct from Holland. 'Phone 55. Hardin's Pharmacy. se24-eod-tf

CAROLINA TRANSFER CO. — Auto. trucks. Call 'Phone 614. Fennell's Garage. se24-1mo

THE ROYAL BAKING CO., 22 N. Front street, Wilmington, N. C., is now turning out a line of bread, rolls, cakes and pies that cannot be surpassed. Give us an order and then compare our goods with any other line now on the market, and if they do not measure up to a high standard, do not repeat your order. We know what the result will be, and are not afraid of the test. 'Phone 246. se24-4t

BANANA, Sherry, chocolate, vanilla and cherry ice cream today. A. G. Warren Ice Cream Co.; 'Phone 485. se24-tf

BUTTER—When it comes to butter, use the best by ordering Ridgefield Brand. Costs no more than the common kind. You will enjoy your meals by using good butter. 'Phone 306. Full line of groceries and vegetables. N. Humphrey. se23-tf

HORSE—Six years, about 1,250 pounds, work anywhere. Buggy, good order; harness and saddle. Must be sold quick to close estate. Can be seen at Schloss-Bear and Davis' stable. E. J. Voelkler, Gilbert House. se23-3t*

FOR SALE CHEAP — One Baltimore heater, complete. Will heat three rooms. One Majestic range, been used; one eight day wall clock; one rubber-tire phaeton, almost new. Address Box 613, City. se21-7t

FOR SALE—Five million feet of short leaf timber on Atlantic Coast Line railroad within forty miles of Wilmington. Apply to R. H. Brunt, 117 N. Third street, City. se20-6t*

FOR RENT—No. 11 North Seventh st., cottage house, good location. See J. Irving Bear, General Insurance, or 'phone 443. se20-6t

WANTED—Three miles 20-lb railroad iron, one 12-ton locomotive, six logging cars. "Hill," care Star. se19-6t*

FOR SALE—That desirable tract of land on Greenville Sound, known as the Tietgen Place. For further information apply to the undersigned. Martain Schnibben, Albert Steljes, Trustee. se21-6t

'PHONE 49 or 50, Davis & Hintze, for your meats and vegetables. Satisfaction guaranteed. se18-12t

'PHONE 49 or 50, Davis & Hintze. We handle only the best grades of fresh meats and vegetables. se18-12t

'PHONE 49 or 50, Davis & Hintze. Prompt delivery and polite service marks our success. se18-12t

FOR SALE—Household furniture. Four complete bed room suites; mission dining set; gas instantaneous heater; gas stove; small heater; rugs, etc. Everything in first-class order. Apply 425 S. Third street. se16-tf

FIFTY DOLLARS REWARD—For return of a diamond ring lost on Market st., between 7th and 8th sts. Finder will bring ring to A. O. Schuster, 104 North Front street, for rewrad. se18-tf

UNREDEEMED shot guns, high grade makes, Ithaca, Remington, L. C. Smith, etc., at a bargain, at Uncle Charles' Pawn Shop, 16 S. Front street; 'Phone 642. se18-tf

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Creates the Best Biscuits Possible. Ask Your Grocer For It.
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Masonic Temple, Sept. 23, 1913.
WILMINGTON LODGE, NO. 319, A. F. & A. M.

Emergent communication this (Thursday) evening at 8 o'clock, for work in the Entered Apprentice degree.

You are urged to attend.
Visiting brethren cordially invited.
By order of the W. M.
J. M. TAYLOR, Secretary.

American National Bank
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"Johnny Get Your Gun"
Winchester, Remington, Fox, Stevens, Lefever, Ithaca, Parker, Smith and Others For Sale By
PECK & HOLLOWAY
Take a Shot at These and You Won't Get "Stung"

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To Make a Long Story Short
We Need Your Business; You, on the Other Hand, Are Needing Our Ice, More or Less, All the Time.
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For quick shipment we will sell the following at a Bargain:
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